The **mindful** approach to **PSHE** ^{*}

The comprehensive Scheme of Learning for PSHE Education including Emotional Literacy, Social Skills and Spiritual Development, for Years F1-6

www.jigsawpshe.com

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Roll of Honour

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The Jigsaw Approach for Years 1-6

How would children benefit if they could be aware of their thoughts and feelings as they happen, in the present moment, on purpose with no judgement?

This is what mindfulness means. It can be learnt, and techniques to develop it taught. It also needs to be practised. We believe mindfulness is a vital tool for life, not only does it support the regulation of emotion and build emotional resilience but also enhances focus and concentration; both helping to optimise learning.

Mindful children can more readily choose their responses to situations rather than react while caught up in the thought-flows and emotions.

In Jigsaw PSHE, mindfulness is developed through the 'Calm Me' time in each piece (lesson). This consists of breathing techniques, awareness exercises, visualisations etc, all tried, tested and very enjoyable activities for children and teachers alike.

Observing your thoughts and feelings, on purpose, in the present moment with no judgement...what a gift!

Jigsaw brings together PSHE Education, emotional literacy, social skills and spiritual development in a comprehensive scheme of learning. Teaching strategies are varied and are mindful of preferred learning styles and the need for differentiation. Jigsaw is designed as a whole school approach, with all year groups working on the same theme (Puzzle) at the same time. This enables each Puzzle to start with an introductory assembly, generating a whole school focus for adults and children alike.

Weekly Celebrations

The weekly celebration is the same for each year group. These are designed to draw out a key theme from each week and reinforce its application; in turn, this ensures the Jigsaw learning is translated into behaviour and attitudes and is not confined to the lesson slot on the timetable.

The idea is that the Weekly Celebration sheets are copied and displayed in each classroom and communal area. The focus for the following week is introduced in the Friday assembly, for example, 'Next week, we are celebrating people who... *Help others to feel welcome*'.

Through the week, children and adults nominate each other by adding names to the celebration sheets when they see each other using that behaviour. These are collected in and those nominated are recognised/ rewarded in the Friday assembly (or class reward time).

The Six Puzzles

There are six Puzzles in Jigsaw that are designed to progress in sequence from September to July:

Autumn 1: Being Me in My World

Autumn 2: Celebrating Difference (including anti-bullying)

Spring 1: Dreams and Goals

Spring 2: Healthy Me

Summer 1: Relationships

Summer 2: Changing Me (including Sex Education)

Each Puzzle has six Pieces (lessons) which work towards an 'end product', for example, The School Learning Charter or The Garden of Dreams and Goals.

Each Piece has two Learning Intentions: one is based on specific PSHE learning (covering the non-statutory national framework for PSHE Education but enhanced to address children's needs today); and one is based on emotional literacy and social skills (covering the SEAL learning intentions but also enhanced). The enhancements mean that Jigsaw is relevant to children living in today's world as it helps them understand and be equipped to cope with issues like body image, cyber and homophobic bullying, and internet safety.

SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development

Every Piece (lesson) contributes to at least one of these aspects of children's development. This is mapped on each Piece and balanced across each year group. This is easy to see on the Puzzle Map (overview) at the beginning of each Puzzle.



The Learning Environment

Establishing a safe, open and positive learning environment based on trusting relationships between all members of the class, adults and children alike, is vital. To enable this, it is important that 'ground rules' are agreed and owned at the beginning of the year and are reinforced in every Piece – by using The Jigsaw Charter. (Ideally, teachers and children will devise their own Jigsaw Charter at the beginning of the year so that they have ownership of it.) It needs to include the aspects below:

The Jigsaw Charter

- We take turns to speak
- We use kind and positive words
- We listen to each other
- We have the right to pass
- · We only use names when giving compliments or when being positive
- We respect each other's privacy (confidentiality)

The Jigsaw Circle

Most Puzzles include the use of The Jigsaw Circle in some Pieces. The Jigsaw Circle is a tried and tested teaching approach, popularised most successfully in recent years by Jenny Mosley. It brings children and adults together to feel equal and valued so that they can share ideas, thoughts and feelings. Sitting in a circle either all on chairs or all on the floor means adults and children are sharing the experience and learning together.

If children are not used to the circle approach, it may be necessary to rehearse this with them in small groups before bringing the whole class together. The circle approach is used regularly in Jigsaw. It is important that children understand the circle approach rules so that they feel safe and valued and enjoy these experiences. A structured approach, building up to a full circle time will be introduced gradually. Using the Jigsaw Friend (talking object) is a useful distancing technique and helps children work with potentially sensitive issues without asking them directly.

The Jigsaw Circle Charter is central to the creation of a safe and trusted circle environment.

Jigsaw Charter - as applied to The Jigsaw Circle

We take turns to speak

During the Jigsaw Circle, the Jigsaw Friend for that year group is used as the 'talking object,' replicating the Native American 'talking stick.' The Jigsaw Friend must be held when the person, adult or child, wants to speak, and needs to be treated as a special asset and member of the class, preferably only used in Jigsaw and related lessons.

We use kind and positive words

It is vital that the teacher models the use of positive language and praises children for doing so. Circle work should be a positive and enjoyable experience. Only when this is established can the Jigsaw Circle be used to tackle more difficult and sensitive issues.

We listen to each other

The Jigsaw Circle and 'Connect us' aspects of Jigsaw teach children the social skills necessary for active listening, for example, eye contact, open body language, and turn taking. These need to be encouraged and praised in circle work.

We have the right to pass

The Jigsaw Circle necessitates children feeling secure and choosing if and when to speak. They must never feel pressured to do so and thus must know they have the right to pass, that is, not to speak if they don't want to. This approach can raise very personal issues for children and it must always be their choice as to whether they share these in the circle or not.

We only use names when giving compliments or when being positive

If the Jigsaw Circle is being used to tackle a sensitive issue, like trouble in the playground, no names must be used to describe negative behaviours. It is not appropriate for a child to say, "Jamie pushed me in the playground"; instead, children are encouraged to say, "At playtime, someone pushed me and this really hurt my feelings". Then the whole circle can suggest positive solutions to the problem described.



We respect each other's privacy (confidentiality)

Although, realistically, it is unlikely that complete confidentiality will be observed, it is important that children are taught to respect the privacy of others and to do their best to keep what is said in Jigsaw Pieces (lessons) and Circles confidential. The teacher must emphasise that she cannot promise complete confidentiality as she must report any information relating to safeguarding concerns.

Safeguarding

Teachers need to be aware that sometimes disclosures may be made during these sessions; in which case, safeguarding procedures must be followed immediately. Sometimes it is clear that certain children may need time to talk one-to-one after the circle closes. It is important to allow the time and appropriate staffing for this to happen.

Sex and Relationship Education

The specific SRE content is taught through the Changing Me Puzzle of learning and provides new resources; picture cards, resource sheets and animations that are used to enhance teaching and learning. The animations; the female reproductive system and the male reproductive system provide a visual resource to enable children to understand how the body changes and develops in puberty. Whilst the core SRE content is delivered through the Changing Me Puzzle, essential work is done in previous puzzles to build children's self-esteem, to enhance their own sense of self in regard to their body image, how to develop caring and healthy relationships and how to develop assertiveness skills in keeping themselves valued, safe and respected. This work underpins the explicit SRE content and is part of the holistic approach to SRE teaching and learning. It is possible that school nurses may be involved in some settings to deliver the some of the specific puberty lessons and it is advised that they are aware of the whole Jigsaw Scheme of Learning and use the Jigsaw resource to ensure consistency of delivery, and to be sure that children receive the core curriculum provision at the appropriate time.

It is also advised that whole school policy is reviewed and updated with parents, carers and governors being consulted on the curriculum content and delivery.

Jigsaw Songs

The specially-composed original songs are introduced in the assemblies and used in the Pieces to reinforce the learning messages of each Puzzle.

Each song has 4 tracks i) choir with backing ii) instrumental iii) choir and backing: different arrangement iv) instrumental

Tracks 1-4 Choices (Being Me in My World)

Tracks 5-8 Playground Blues (Celebrating Difference)

Tracks 9-12 The Colours of Friendship (Celebrating Difference)

Tracks 13-16 Learning to Learn (Dreams and Goals)

Tracks 17-20 Keep Fit, Keep Healthy (Healthy Me)

Tracks 21-24 Learning Together (Relationships)

(The Relationships Puzzle also includes The Colours of Friendship Song Tracks 9-12)

Tracks 25-28 Changing as I Grow (Changing Me)



The Structure of the Pieces (lessons) in Jigsaw

The creation of Jigsaw is motivated by the genuine belief that if attention is paid to supporting children's personal development in a structured and developmentally appropriate way, this will not only improve their capacity to learn (across the curriculum) but will ultimately improve their life chances. That's why Jigsaw is completely child-focussed. This is reflected in the innovative way that Pieces (lessons) are structured. In designing the Pieces, we imagine that children are asking the teacher to:

- Improve their social skills to better enable collaborative learning (Connect us)
- Prepare them for learning (Calm me)
- Help the brain to focus on specific learning intentions (Open my mind)
- Initiate new learning (Tell me or show me)
- Facilitate learning activities to reinforce the new learning (Let me learn)
- Support them in reflecting on their learning and personal development (Help me reflect)

Using these child-centred headings for the sections of each Piece is not insignificant. It encourages teachers to see their pupils as whole children who want and deserve to learn, an attitude sometimes hard to hold onto amidst the ever-increasing pressures and demands of education and the curriculum.

Connect us - Explain the circle charter to children and reinforce it throughout every circle time. The Connect us section is designed to maximise social skills, to engender positive relationships and enhance collaborative learning. Explicit skills will be taught through Jigsaw Pieces (lessons) but maximum benefit will be achieved if these are both modelled and reinforced throughout every school day..

Calm me - This section of the Piece aims to still the children's minds, relaxing them and quietening their emotions to a place of optimum learning capacity. This will also engender a peaceful atmosphere within the classroom. It may well take a considerable number of sessions before children can do this successfully, as many children live in continually noisy and hectic environments. It is an invaluable life skill which also enhances reflection and spiritual development. This underpins the mindful approach advocated in Jigsaw.

Open my mind - The Reticular Activating System of the brain filters the many stimuli entering the child's mind at any given time. It is designed only to allow in that which is significant. Therefore, it is important to engage this system with the most important aspects of learning intended for each Piece (lesson). If we do this well, it will enable children to filter out activity around them not significant to this learning intention.

Tell me or show me - This section of the Piece (lesson) is used to introduce new information, concepts and skills, using a range of teaching approaches and activities.

Let me learn - Following Piaget's learning model, after receiving new information/concepts, children need to manipulate, use, and play with that new information in order for it to make sense to them and for them to 'accommodate' it into their existing learning.

Help me reflect -Throughout Jigsaw, children are encouraged to reflect on their learning experiences and their progress. By reflecting, children can process and evaluate what they have learnt, which enables them to consolidate and apply their learning.

Closure - Each Piece, particularly when run as a circle approach, needs safe closure. This will always include the teacher praising the children for their effort, positive attitude and achievement, as well as giving one or two sentences to summarise the key learning points for the children.

Emotional Literacy Domains

The development of self-awareness, social skills, managing feelings, motivation and empathy is contributed to in every Piece. This is mapped on every Piece and balanced appropriately across each Puzzle and year group.

Puzzle Outcome/End Product

In each series of 6 Pieces (lessons), learning builds and develops. In each Puzzle, this learning culminates in an end product/outcome, for example, a display, a fashion show, a presentation, a video/film, a concert, or an exhibition. This way, each Piece of learning adds to the process of creating the end product, giving the learning an additional purpose, rather than being an end in itself. Children will know what they are working towards early in the Puzzle, adding motivation to their work.



Puzzle Outcomes

Being Me in My World

Y1-6: Whole School Learning Charter

The whole school Learning Charter, the end product of Puzzle 1 (Being Me in My World), gives the school a process for everyone to be involved in the production or review of the school's positive behaviour policy. The system of 'rewards and consequences' in the Learning Charter is built upon the communal understanding of 'rights and responsibilities', as opposed to a set of rules imposed from on high. (This can also be taken to a global citizenship level by considering the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child.) Rights, responsibilities, rewards and consequences are built on the belief that each child has the right and the capacity to make his/her own choices and, in doing so, is aware of, and therefore, accepts the consequences of these. The Learning Charter should, therefore, provide a cohesive structure that empowers children and brings consistency in managing behaviour positively.

Firstly, as you begin to establish your classes and will be doing much of the; welcoming, class social bonding and getting to know each other, introducing the new systems, expectations and routines etc, we want to highlight how you might like to block the teaching of the First Jigsaw Puzzle; Being Me in My World, in the first couple of weeks.

This Puzzle has a strong focus on all the initial class work of getting to know each other, class social bonding, introducing new systems and routines and creating a Learning Charter which usually happens in the first couple of weeks of the new academic year. Therefore we would suggest that you might like to block the teaching of the first Puzzle; Being Me in My World and teach the whole Puzzle during the first couple of weeks at the start of term in order to establish the Learning Charter.

Since the end products necessitate cooperation and collaborative work, this also develops social skills and a sense of pride in its achievement. It also allows the opportunity to showcase Jigsaw work with parents and carers, and brings the whole school together.



Celebrating Difference

- Puzzle Outcome: Hall Of Fame Display
- Year 1: Gingerbread People Display
- Year 2: Trophy of celebration
- Year 3: Compliment Kites
- Year 4: Picture frames
- Year 5: Culture displays
- Year 6: Admiration Accolades

Dreams and Goals

- Puzzle Outcome: Garden of Dreams and Goals
- Year 1: Stretchy flowers and dream wellies
- Year 2: Dream birds
- Year 3: Window box of dream flowers and garden decorations
- Year 4: Dream mobiles and garden decorations
- Year 5: Dream tree and fundraising event at garden opening and fete
- Year 6: Garden totem pole and fundraising event at garden opening and fete

Healthy Me

- Puzzle Outcome: The Healthy, Happy Me Recipe Book
- Year 1: Keeping clean and healthy chapter of the book
- Year 2: The 'Healthy Me' Café creating healthy snacks/recipes
- Year 3: Keeping safe Chapter
- Year 4: Healthy friendships chapter
- Year 5: Recipe cards for having a healthy body image
- Year 6: Healthy body, Healthy mind chapter

Relationships

Puzzle outcome: The Relationship Fiesta

- Year 1: Colours of friendship dance
- Year 2: Compliment bunting
- Year 3: Appreciation streamers and short films of special relationships
- Year 4: Fabric collage 'Our special relationships'
- Year 5: Internet Safety Posters
- Year 6: Film clip: How to keep safe on the internet

Changing Me:

Puzzle Outcome: Tree of change display

- Year 1: Flowers of change
- Year 2: Leaf mobiles
- Year 3: Ribbons of change mobiles
- Year 4: Circles of change
- Year 5: Change cards- becoming a teenager displayed on the tree of change
- Year 6: 'Journey T-Shirts'



The Jigsaw Journal

In order for children to feel a sense of pride in their work and for the teacher to have evidence of their progress, each child has a Jigsaw Journal. In the Jigsaw Journal, there is for each Puzzle:

- A page for each Piece (lesson) which has room for child's work as well as a reflection on their learning
- After these 6 pages there are two additional pages
 - A space for the teacher's assessment and feedback
 - The child's certificate of achievement for that Puzzle

The Journal is seen as a portfolio of children's work and reflections through each Puzzle, and can be a valuable tool during transition to the next year group or school. Primarily, the Jigsaw Journal is an opportunity for each child to celebrate his learning journey and self-development.

The Jigsaw CD-ROM includes the front cover of the Jigsaw Journal for each year group (Years 1-6) to be downloaded and stuck to the front

covers of exercise/scrap books so children can create their own journals.

The mindful approach to profe

There are several versions of Jigsaw Journal covers on the CDRom, those which are exactly the same, full-colour copies of the teacher folder for each year group, and those which are black and white line drawings for children to colour in. We hope you enjoy being creative with this.

Schools may also choose to create class or year group Jigsaw Journals to showcase or evidence the work and learning through the year.

Differentiation/SEN

Jigsaw is written as a universal core curriculum provision for all children. Inclusivity is part of its philosophy. Teachers will need, as always, to tailor each Piece to meet the needs of the children in their classes. To support this differentiation, many Jigsaw Pieces suggest creative learning activities that allow children to choose the media with which they work and give them scope to work to their full potential. To further help teachers differentiate for children in their classes with special educational needs, each Puzzle includes a P-level grid with suggested activities for children working at each of those levels.

Assessment

Teachers will be eager to ensure children are making progress with their learning throughout their Jigsaw experience. Therefore, each Puzzle (except Puzzle 1) has a built-in assessment task, usually in Piece 5 or 6. This task is the formal opportunity for teacher assessment, but also offers children the chance to assess their own learning and have a conversation with the teacher about their two opinions. The task can usually be used as evidence in the Jigsaw Journal.

Each Puzzle has a set of three attainment descriptors for each year group:

Working towards Working at Working beyond

It is envisaged that, at the beginning of a Puzzle, children will be given the 'My Jigsaw Learning Record' for that Puzzle, so that it is clear to them what they are aiming to achieve. They stick this into their Jigsaw Journal. After completion of the assessment task, the teacher and the child return to the 'My Jigsaw Learning Record' and the child colours in the attainment descriptor he thinks he has achieved. The teacher does the same and facilitates a conversation with the child about his learning progress for that Puzzle. Do they agree? They both complete the evaluation boxes on the child's learning record, focussing on how progress could be made in the next Puzzle.



Recording and tracking progress

To support the teacher in tracking each child's Jigsaw Learning progress throughout the year, there is an overview sheet for each child: 'My Learning Progress This Year.' This sheet has the three attainment descriptors for each Puzzle (Puzzles 2-6). After each assessment task, the teacher, using a best-fit approach, decides whether the child is working at, towards or beyond and highlights the appropriate descriptor box on that child's overview sheet. There is also space for the teacher's comments. This sheet gives a quick visual representation of where the child is in each Puzzle.

End of Puzzle Certificates

The certificates are designed to praise specific achievements for each child individually. Ideally, they will be presented at the end of the Puzzle after the 'official' assessment has been completed. The certificates can be stuck into the Jigsaw Journal. There is space on them for both the teacher and the child to recognise the achievements with which they are particularly pleased.

Reporting to Parents/Carers

Each Puzzle's assessment task and attainment descriptors assist the teacher in reporting meaningful learning progress to parents/carers. The descriptors can be used as a starting point when considering what to write on children's reports.

The Attainment Descriptors

Please be aware that these attainment descriptors are specific to Jigsaw and to year groups. They are designed to give guidance when considering each child's learning journey. They are not nationally-recognised. There are no national level descriptors for PSHE.

The Jigsaw philosophy is that children are praised and their achievements celebrated in every Piece. It demands a positive relationship between the teacher and the children which, in itself, values and celebrates each individual. Appropriate time needs to be allocated for this process.

Note from Jan Lever

Jigsaw is the culmination of over 33 years' experience as a teacher, local authority adviser and psychotherapist. It has taken many hundreds of hours to write and much dedication and commitment from all those involved.

Its mission is to support very busy teachers to deliver high quality Personal, Social and Health Education (as well as all the other things Jigsaw aims to bring to children) to the children in their schools; to bring fun and creativity into PSHE whilst ensuring a developmental and progressive curriculum.

At the heart of our motivation for Jigsaw is always making things better for children both now and in their futures.

We invite you to use all your professional creativity to tailor Jigsaw to your children's needs, to enjoy working with it, and to join us in helping children learn well and be healthy and happy, equipped to cope in the world and aware of its beauty and theirs.

You are welcome to offer feedback through the website: www.jigsawpshe.com

Jan Lever

Jigsaw Assessment Overview

Comprising the 'Working at' descriptor for each Puzzle in every year group (except Being Me in My World)

At the beginning of each Puzzle (after the Puzzle Overview) you will find:

- 1) 'My Jigsaw Learning Record.' This shows each child the attainment descriptors for this particular Puzzle and gives the child and the teacher a way of discussing and recording progress.
- 2) 'My Learning Progress This Year.' This shows all the attainment descriptors for each Puzzle across the year and provides a record of progress for each child.

	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Year 1	I can tell you some ways I am different from my friends I understand these differences make us all special and unique	I can tell you how I felt when I succeeded in a new challenge and how I celebrated it I know how to store the feelings of success in my internal treasure chest	I can tell you why I think my body is amazing and can identify some ways to keep it safe and healthy I can recognise how being healthy helps me to feel happy	I can tell you why I appreciate someone who is special to me and express how I feel about them	I can identify the parts of the body that make boys different to girls and can use the correct names for these: penis, testicles, vagina I respect my body and understand which parts are private
Year 2	I can identify some ways in which my friend is different from me I can tell you why I value this difference about him/her	I can explain some of the ways I worked cooperatively in my group to create the end product I can express how it felt to be working as part of this group	I can make some healthy snacks and explain why they are good for my body I can express how it feels to share healthy food with my friends	I can identify some of the things that cause conflict between me and my friends I can demonstrate how to use the positive problem solving technique to resolve conflicts with my friends	I can recognise the physical differences between boys and girls, use the correct names for parts of the body (penis, testicles, vagina) and appreciate that some parts of my body are private I can tell you what I like/don't like about being a boy/ girl
Year 3	I can tell you about a time when my words affected someone's feelings and what the consequences were I can give and receive compliments and know how this feels	I can evaluate my own learning process and identify how it can be better next time I am confident in sharing my success with others and know how to store my feelings of success in my internal treasure chest	I can identify things, people and places that I need to keep safe from, and can tell you some strategies for keeping myself safe including who to go to for help I can express how being anxious or scared feels	I can explain how some of the actions and work of people around the world help and influence my life and can show an awareness of how this could affect my choices	I can identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside during the growing up process and can tell you why these changes are necessary so that their bodies can make babies when they grow up I recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and know how to cope with these feelings



	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Year 4	I can tell you a time when my first impression of someone changed as I got to know them I can explain why it is good to accept people for who they are	I know how to make a new plan and set new goals even if I have been disappointed I know what it means to be resilient and to have a positive attitude	I can recognise when people are putting me under pressure and can explain ways to resist this when I want to I can identify feelings of anxiety and fear associated with peer pressure	I can explain different points of view on an animal rights issue and express my own opinion and feelings on this	I can identify what I am looking forward to when I am in Year 5 I can reflect on the changes I would like to make when I am in Year 5 and can describe how to go about this
Year 5	I can explain the differences between direct and indirect types of bullying I know some ways to encourage children who use bullying behaviours to make other choices and know how to support children who are being bullied	I can describe the dreams and goals of a young person in a culture different from mine and can reflect on how these relate to my own	I can describe the different roles food can play in people's lives and can explain how people can develop eating problems (disorders) relating to body image pressures I respect and value my body	I can explain how to stay safe when using technology to communicate with my friends I can recognise and resist pressures to use technology in ways that may be risky or cause harm to myself or others	I can describe how boys' and girls' bodies change during puberty I can express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty
Year 6	I can explain ways in which difference can be a source of conflict or a cause for celebration and can show empathy with people in either situation	I can describe some ways in which I can work with other people to help make the world a better place I can identify why I am motivated to do this	I can evaluate when alcohol is being used responsibly, anti- socially or being misused I can tell you how I feel about using alcohol when I am older and my reasons for this	I can recognise when people are trying to gain power or control I can demonstrate ways I could stand up for myself and my friends in situations where others are trying to gain power or control	I can describe how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy, and how it is born and I recognise how I feel when I reflect on the development and birth of a baby

Puzzle 2 Celebrating Difference

	Working towards	Working at	Working Beyond
Year 1	I can talk about one thing that makes me different from my friends	I can talk about one thing that makes me different from my friends	I can describe a variety of ways that I am different from my friends
	I can tell you one thing that is special about me	I understand these differences make us all special and unique	I can tell you why I am proud of the things that make me special
Year 2	I can name one way that my friend is different from me I can give a reason why my friend is special to me	I can identify some ways in which my friend is different from me I can tell you why I value this difference about him/her	I can compare myself with a friend and describe the similarities and differences between us I can express how I feel about our similarities and differences
Year 3	I can tell you something I've said that made someone happy or unhappy I know how to give a compliment	I can tell you about a time when my words affected someone's feelings and what the consequences were I can give and receive compliments and know how this feels	I can recognise and describe a time when my words affected someone's feelings and explain the effect this had on our relationship I can give and receive genuine compliments and know how this feels and affects me and the other person
Year 4	I can tell you about my first impressions of someone I know it is good to try to get to know someone before making	I can tell you a time when my first impression of someone changed as I got to know them I can explain why it is good to	I can use a variety of examples to show how first impressions can be misleading I can consider how I form my
	judgements about them	accept people for who they are	opinions of people and explain why it is good to accept people for who they are
Year 5	I can give some examples of bullying behaviours including direct and indirect types	I can explain the differences between direct and indirect types of bullying	I can consider a range of bullying behaviours and understand the impact these may have
	I can tell you why bullying is hurtful and wrong	I know some ways to encourage children who use bullying behaviours to make other choices and know how to support children who are being bullied	I can recognise some of the reasons and feelings that motivate some children to bully and suggest why some children are the victims of bullying
Year 6	I can tell you some ways that difference can be a source of conflict in people's lives	I can explain ways in which difference can be a source of conflict or a cause for	I can talk about one thing that makes me different from my friends
	and can express how I feel about this	celebration and can show empathy with people in either situation	I can express how I feel about this

Puzzle 3 Dreams and Goals

	Working towards	Working at	Working Beyond
Year 1	I can tell you about a challenge that I succeeded in I can tell you why this made me feel good about myself	I can tell you how I felt when I succeeded in a new challenge and how I celebrated it I know how to store the feelings of success in my internal treasure chest	I can tell you about what helped me to succeed in a new challenge and describe how I felt about my success I can choose how to celebrate my success and know how to store it in my internal treasure chest
Year 2	I can tell you what I did to help my group create the end product I can say how I felt about working in the group	I can explain some of the ways I worked cooperatively in my group to create the end product I can express how it felt to be working as part of this group	I can explain how my own and other people's contributions helped the group to create the end product I can explain what felt good and what felt difficult about working in our group
Year 3	I can tell you something I did well in a learning challenge and something I want to get better at I am happy to talk about what I did well and use it to make me feel good about myself	I can evaluate my own learning process and identify how it can be better next time I am confident in sharing my success with others and know how to store my feelings of success in my internal treasure chest	I can recognise and express my strengths in tackling a learning challenge and I can plan steps to help me do better next time I am confident to share with others both my success and the difficulties I faced, and I know how to store my feelings of success in my internal treasure chest
Year 4	I know that things I try to do can go wrong and can tell you why it is good to try again I can overcome disappointment and look ahead to the next time	I know how to make a new plan and set new goals even if I have been disappointed I know what it means to be resilient and to have a positive attitude	I can deal with disappointment by analysing what went wrong and I can use the lessons from a bad experience to help me plan new goals I can explain how resilience and a positive attitude contribute to a greater chance of success
Year 5	I can suggest examples of dreams and goals a young person might have in a culture different from mine and compare these with my own	I can describe the dreams and goals of a young person in a culture different from mine and can reflect on how these relate to my own	I can describe the dreams and goals of a young person in a culture different from mine and account for the similarities and differences with my own dreams and goals I can evaluate the ways in which our opportunities and life chances are different
Year 6	I can tell you about something I can do, working with other people, to help make the world a better place I can tell you how I feel about people in the world who face hardship in their lives	I can describe some ways in which I can work with other people to help make the world a better place I can identify why I am motivated to do this	I can describe a range of ways in which I can work with other people to make the world a better place, and explain and justify my group's chosen course of action I can show how our choice is based on an awareness of the experience and the needs of the people affected

Puzzle 4 - Healthy Me

	Working towards	Working at	Working Beyond
Year 1	I can tell you something amazing about how my body works and something I need to do to keep it safe and healthy I know that my body is special and I need to take care of it	I can tell you why I think my body is amazing and can identify some ways to keep it safe and healthy I can recognise how being healthy helps me to feel happy	I can describe many ways that my body is amazing and I can talk about ways to keep it safe and healthy, and some things that might harm it if I am not careful I know that healthy choices make me feel good about
			myself and I can tell you how being healthy helps me to feel happy
Year 2	I can make a healthy snack with help, and I can tell you why it is good for my body	I can make some healthy snacks and explain why they are good for my body	I can identify and prepare snacks that are healthy, and explain my choice by saying why they are good for my body
	I can say how I feel about eating healthy food	I can express how it feels to share healthy food with my friends	I can compare my own and my friends' choices and can express how it feels to make and share healthy food together
Year 3	I can name some things I need to keep myself safe from and I can tell you who I can go to for help if I feel unsafe I know how to tell someone if I feel scared	I can identify things , people and places that I need to keep safe from, and can tell you some strategies for keeping myself safe including who to go to for help I can express how being	I can judge the levels of risk involved in different situations and I can select and describe suitable strategies for keeping myself safe, including knowing how to seek help and from whom
		anxious or scared feels	I can express and respond appropriately to feelings of anxiety or fear
Year 4	I can tell you how I would say 'no' if someone tries to make me do something that I know is wrong or bad for me I can say how it feels when	I can recognise when people are putting me under pressure and can explain ways to resist this when I want to I can identify feelings of anxiety	I can explain, with a variety of examples, situations where I may experience peer pressure and I can suggest a number of strategies for dealing with this
	someone else is pushing me to do something	and fear associated with peer pressure	I can identify feelings of anxiety and fear associated with peer pressure and I know how to manage these feelings when making healthy choices
Year 5	I can give some reasons why people may worry about how their bodies look, and I can compare healthy and unhealthy ways that people use food in their lives I can tell you why my body is	I can describe the different roles food can play in people's lives and can explain how people can develop eating problems (disorders) relating to body image pressures I respect and value my body	I can describe and evaluate the different roles food can play in people's lives, and I can explain the links between body image pressures and the various eating disorders people can develop
	good the way it is		I respect and value my body and I understand the part this plays in maintaining my self confidence
Year 6	I can give examples of safe and unsafe ways in which people can use alcohol I can tell you how I feel about using alcohol when I am older	I can evaluate when alcohol is being used responsibly, anti- socially or being misused I can tell you how I feel about using alcohol when I am older and my reasons for this	I can give an account of the different ways in which people in our society use alcohol as part of their lifestyle and distinguish between responsible use, anti-social use and misuse
			I can reflect on my own feelings about alcohol use and consider what my attitude may be when I am older

Puzzle 5 - Relationships

	Working towards	Working at	Working Beyond
Year 1	I can name someone who is special to me and tell you why I like them	I can tell you why I appreciate someone who is special to me and express how I feel about them	I can talk about someone who is special to me and I can tell you why I appreciate them and why I think we get on well together
			I can tell you how I feel about my relationship with this person
Year 2	I can give an example of something that causes conflict between me and my friends I can say how we could settle	I can identify some of the things that cause conflict between me and my friends I can demonstrate how to use	I can identify a range of things that cause conflict between me and my friends and explain why these conflicts arise
	this conflict using the positive problem solving technique	the positive problem solving technique to resolve conflicts with my friends	I can demonstrate how to use the positive problem solving technique to resolve these conflicts and consider how effective it might be
Year 3	I can name some examples of things I use every day that have been produced by people in other parts of the world I know I depend on other	I can explain how some of the actions and work of people around the world help and influence my life and can show an awareness	I can explain how some of the actions and work of people around the world help and influence my life, and how the things we buy and use affect
	people and other people depend on me	of how this could affect my choices	their livelihood I can express a sense of the responsibility we have for each other because of these connections
Year 4	I can express what I think and feel about an animal rights issue and I can tell you at least one	I can explain different points of view on an animal rights issue and express my own opinion and feelings on this	I can explain and weigh up different points of view people may hold on an animal rights issue
	point of view that is different from mine	5	and I can take these into account in expressing and justifying my own opinions and feelings on this
Year 5	I can tell you some basic rules about how to stay safe when using technology to communicate with my friends I can tell you some reasons	I can explain how to stay safe when using technology to communicate with my friends I can recognise and resist pressures to use technology in	I can compare and contrast safe and unsafe uses of technology to communicate with friends and describe strategies that will keep me safe
	why using technology to communicate could lead to harm for myself or others	ways that may be risky or cause harm to myself or others	I can explain the pressures that might make me or others use technology in risky or harmful ways and consider how best to resist those pressures
Year 6	I can give an example of a situation where someone tries to 'boss' or control other people I can suggest a good way of standing up to someone who	I can recognise when people are trying to gain power or control I can demonstrate ways I could stand up for myself and	I can analyse and explain some of the methods people can use to try to gain power and control over others, in both obvious and hidden ways
	behaves like that	my friends in situations where others are trying to gain power or control	I can consider ways of standing up for myself and my friends in such situations, and judge between those likely to be effective and those that may aggravate the problem

Puzzle 6 - Changing Me

	Working towards	Working at	Working Beyond
Year 1	I know the main body parts that make boys and girls different and I recognise the correct names for these I know that some parts of my body are private	I can identify the parts of the body that make boys different to girls and can use the correct names for these: penis, testicles, vagina I respect my body and understand which parts are private	I can talk about the similarities and the differences between boys' and girls' bodies and can use the correct terms to describe the differences: penis, testicles, vagina I respect my body and I understand how to keep certain parts private, and I can tell you when I should and should not talk about these
Year 2	I can correctly name the main parts of the body that make boys and girls different and I know these are parts we keep private I can tell you something that I either like or dislike about being a boy/girl	I can recognise the physical differences between boys and girls, use the correct names for parts of the body (penis, testicles, vagina) and appreciate that some parts of my body are private I can tell you what I like/don't like about being a boy/girl	I can talk about various ways that boys and girls are different, both physically (using the correct terms) and in personality and behaviour; I can talk about the physical differences with respect and understand how to protect my own and others' privacy I can explain how I feel about being a boy/girl and talk about what I like and dislike about it
Year 3	I can tell you some of the ways that boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside as they grow up, and I know these changes are connected to making babies I can tell you something I like and something that worries me about the idea of growing up	I can identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside during the growing up process and can tell you why these changes are necessary so that their bodies can make babies when they grow up I recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and know how to cope with these feelings	I can describe fully the changes that take place inside boys' and girls' bodies during the growing up process and can explain accurately how each of the changes helps to prepare their bodies for making babies when they grow up I can express how I feel about these changes happening to me and can weigh up the positives and the negatives, and I understand how to manage these feelings
Year 4	I can describe something I am looking forward to when I am in Year 5 I can tell you something that I think I can change for myself when I am in Year 5	I can identify what I am looking forward to when I am in Year 5 I can reflect on the changes I would like to make when I am in Year 5 and can describe how to go about this	I can explain the changes I am looking forward to when I am in Year 5, and I can identify which changes are within my control I can consider and prioritise the changes I would like to make in Year 5 and can plan the approaches I will use to tackle these changes
Year 5	I can identify some changes that happen to girls' and boys' bodies during puberty I know my body will change during puberty and I can tell you how I feel about that	I can describe how boys' and girls' bodies change during puberty I can express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty	I can give a detailed account of the changes that occur in girls' and boys' bodies during puberty, and I understand the emotional changes that may take place at the same time I can consider how these changes will affect me and prepare myself for the feelings I may experience
Year 6	I can identify the main stages by which a baby develops through conception, pregnancy and birth and I can tell you some words that describe my feelings about this	I can describe how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy, and how it is born and I recognise how I feel when I reflect on the development and birth of a baby	I can explain the process by which a baby is conceived, how it develops through the nine months of pregnancy, and the stages of labour and birth I can reflect on how this experience might feel from the point of view of a parent, and express my own thoughts and feelings about it



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Being Me in My World Puzzle Map - Year 1

I'm Jigsaw Jack

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	Puzzle	

Help me fit together the six pieces of learning about Being Me in My World to create the Learning Charter

Weekly Celebration	Pieces	PSHE Education (Developed from National Framework DfEE 2000)	Emotional Literacy/Social Skills (Developed from SEAL - Social and Emotional Aspects of Learning DfES 2004)	Resources
Help others to feel welcome	1. Special and Safe	I know how to use my Jigsaw Journal	I feel special and safe in my class	Jigsaw Charter, Jigsaw chime, 'Calm' pictures, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Jack', Jigsaw Jack's suitcase/bag, Jigsaw Jack's letter, 'Safe' pictures, Jigsaw Journals.
Try to make our school community a better place	2. My Class	I understand the rights and responsibilities I know that I belong to my class as a member of my class	I know that I belong to my class	Jigsaw chime, 'Calm' pictures, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Charter, Jigsaw Jack, 'I am special' song sheet, picture of a class learning well. Jigsaw Journals.
Think about everyone's right to learn	3. Rights and Responsibilities	I understand the rights and responsibilities for being a member of my class	I know how to make my class a safe place for everybody to learn	Jigsaw chime, 'Calm' pictures, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Charter, Jigsaw Jack, Jigsaw Jack's suitcase with items, soft sponge football, sets of rights/responsibility picture cards, picture PowerPoint, Jigsaw song 'Choices' song sheet on PowerPoint, Jigsaw Journals.
Care about other people's feelings	4. Rewards and Feeling Proud	I know my views are valued and can contribute to the Learning Charter	I recognise how it feels to be proud of an achievement	Jigsaw chime, 'Calm' pictures, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Charter, colour cards, Jigsaw Jack's suitcase with certificate/medal, treasure chest, proud face pictures, I feel proud of you ticket - see resource sheet, Jigsaw Journals.
Work well with others	5. Consequences	I can recognise the choices I make and understand the consequences	I recognise the range of feelings when I face certain consequences	Jigsaw chime, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Charter, 'Choices' song sheet, scenario picture cards, flipchart with rights/responsibility pictures from Piece 3, Jigsaw Journals.
Choose to follow the Learning Charter	6. Owning our Learning Charter	I understand my rights and responsibilities within our Learning Charter	I understand my choices in following the Learning Charter	Jigsaw chime, 'Calm' pictures, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Jack, Jigsaw Charter, postcards made into puzzles, Jigsaw Journals, certificates.



Assembly (Collective Worship) to launch Puzzle: Being Me in My World

Puzzle Assembly/Collective Worship Title: Being Me in My World - Song: Choices

Stimulus (focus for reflection): Play song - 'The clapping song' by Shirley Ellis (quite lively) or 'You need hands' by Max Bygraves (calming and fits with the assorted pictures) with PowerPoint of pictures of assortment of hands doing different things e.g clapping, wiping a tear, grabbing, hitting, holding a hand, tearing etc. on a slide show. Teachers can find more if they wish...

Calm me: Use the Jigsaw Chime and ask children to listen very, very intently until they can no longer hear any chime sound. You may need to do this twice and then encourage pupils to really look at their hands. Examine each freckle, each line, each crease. How do you know your hands are your hands? Could you find them in a hand identity parade?

Help me think about: Today we are thinking about choices we make in our school community.

Resources: Squirty cream or shaving foam and plate. Flip chart with positive/negative chart on it. Some adult/child volunteers and a minute timer on the interactive whiteboard.

Puzzle Assembly Plan: Put a minute timer up on the screen. Ask the pupils to turn to each other and try to name as many things as they can that they do with their hands every day. After the minute is up, ask a pupil from each class/ year group to name a positive and a negative thing that you can do with your hands. Leader to scribe their answers.

Our hands have the power to do good or to cause harm - that's the choice we make with them every moment of every day. We also have the choice whether we say kind things or unkind things to people and we really need to have to think before we speak.

Demonstrate now squirting a can of cream onto a plate. Words and actions are like this cream. Once said or done they can never be taken back. We can't put the cream back in the can.

Ask a couple of volunteers (adults/pupils - prepare them in advance) to come up the front. The lead practitioner now compliments them (preferably genuinely) about something they really like about that teacher/pupil. Encourage them to say how it made them feel when something nice was said to them. Now ask the rest of the pupils to turn to each other (minute timer on) and say something that they really admire about each other.

(You could do the same demonstrating how to use hands kindly e.g. shake hands, tap on shoulder, hug if upset, etc. but be careful to mention appropriate use of personal space and appropriate touch, respecting people's feelings.)

Help me reflect (time for reflection): Invite the children and adults present to take time to reflect on, or maybe they would like to take time to pray, "talking to their god if that is meaningful to them": Think about something that they can choose to do with their hands or say with their mouths that would make the people around them feel happier today.

(You may like to show the hands PowerPoint again.)

Closing the assembly: The Jigsaw Song to be sung and then children leave the hall in a manner reflecting school procedures and routines.

Being Me in My World Assembly (PowerPoint Slides) - Year 1









All Music and Lyrics Composed by Karen Gillis

Choices

You've got to make a choice Between what's right or wrong... You've got to think ahead And you've got to be strong.

Well, sometimes saying "no" - it can be hard to do, You've got to make the right choice, Now it's up to you.

> You see the choice is yours What are you going to do? So will you choose what's wrong -Or will the right thing win through?

Now all the things you choose Determine what you'll be, And whether you will grow and learn happily.

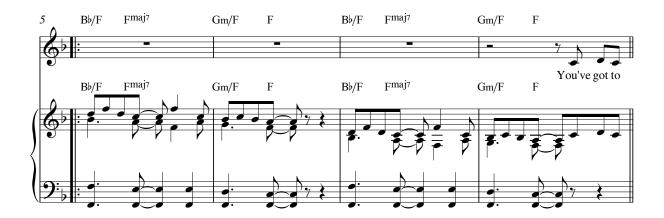
Repeat

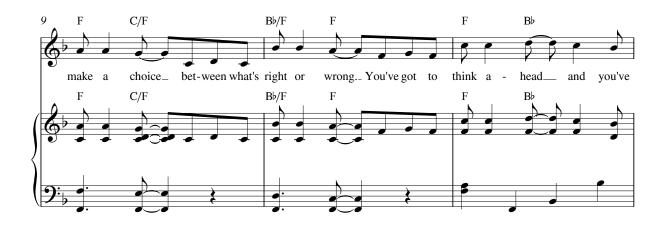


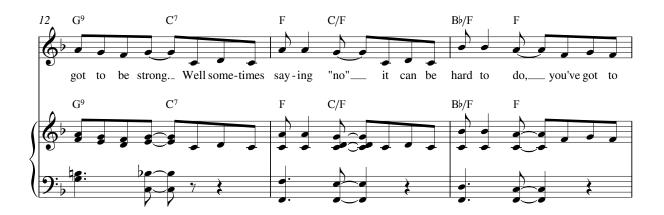


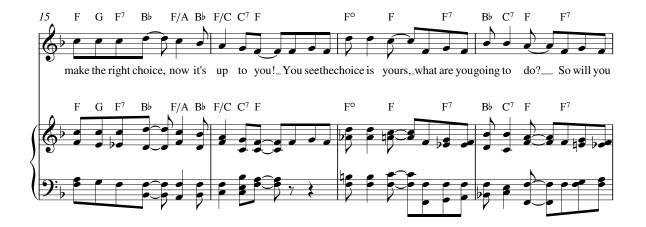
Choices

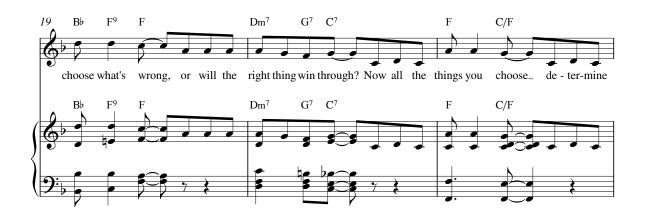


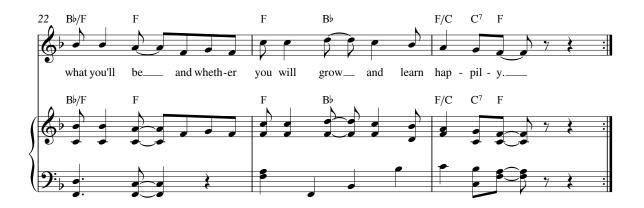


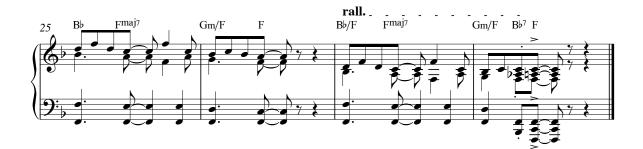


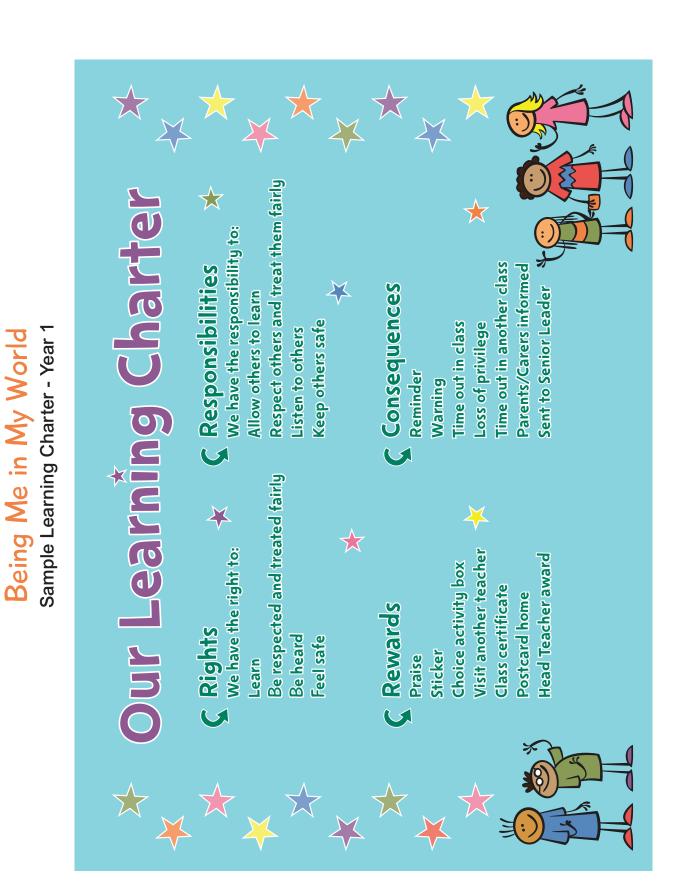








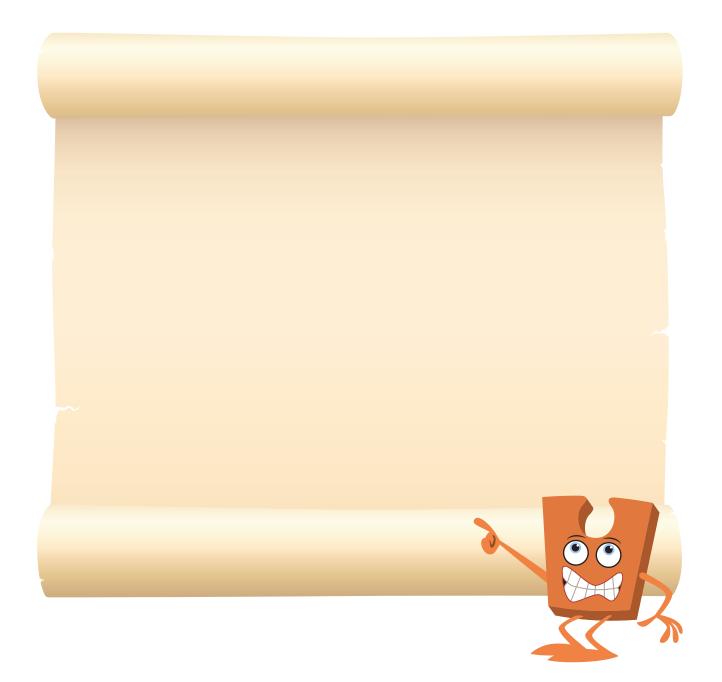






This week we are celebrating people in our school who:

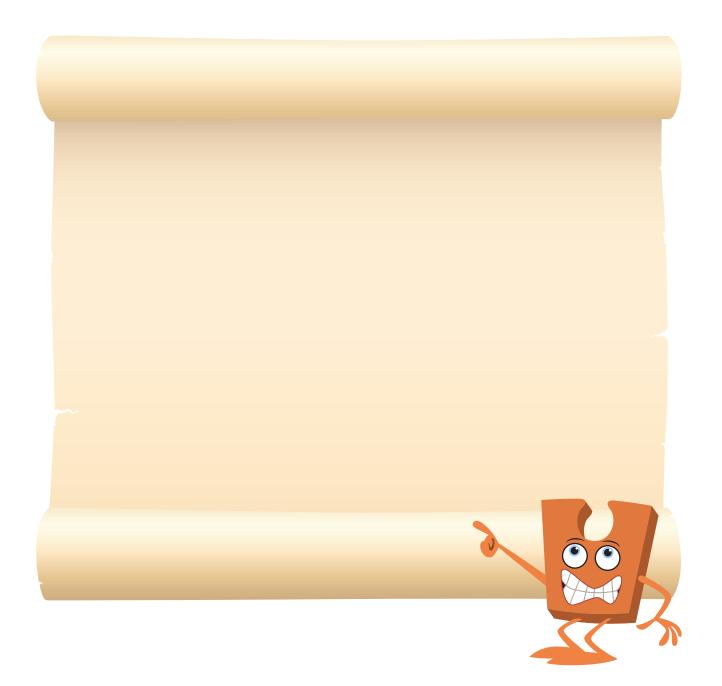
Help others to feel welcome





This week we are celebrating people in our school who:

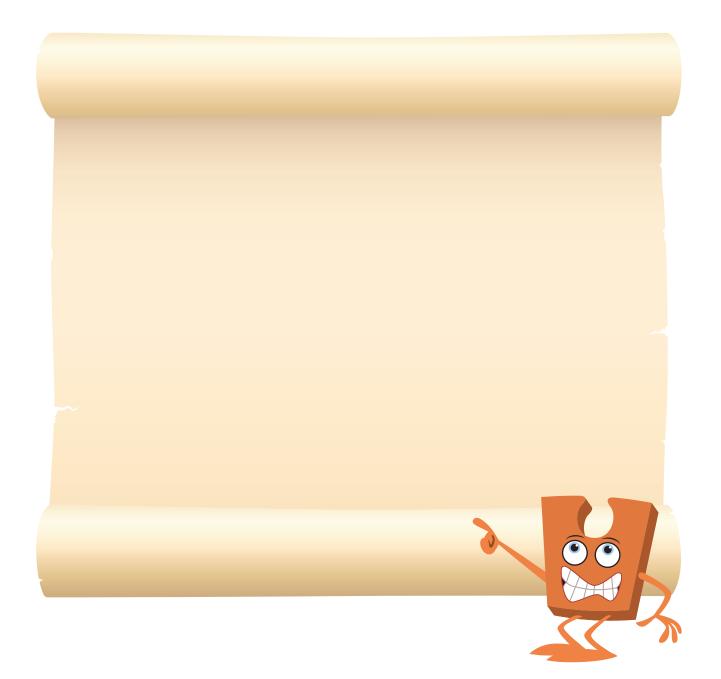
Try to make our school community a better place





This week we are celebrating people in our school who:

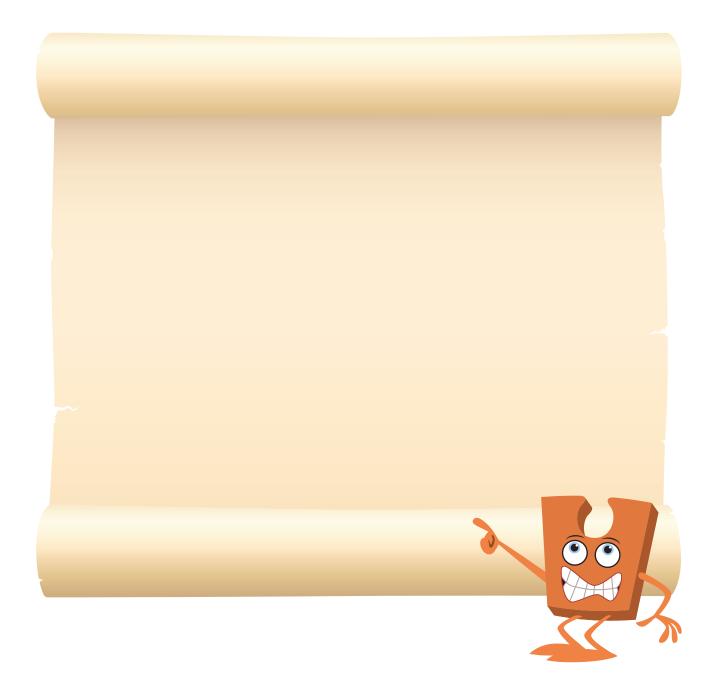
Think about everyone's right to learn





This week we are celebrating people in our school who:

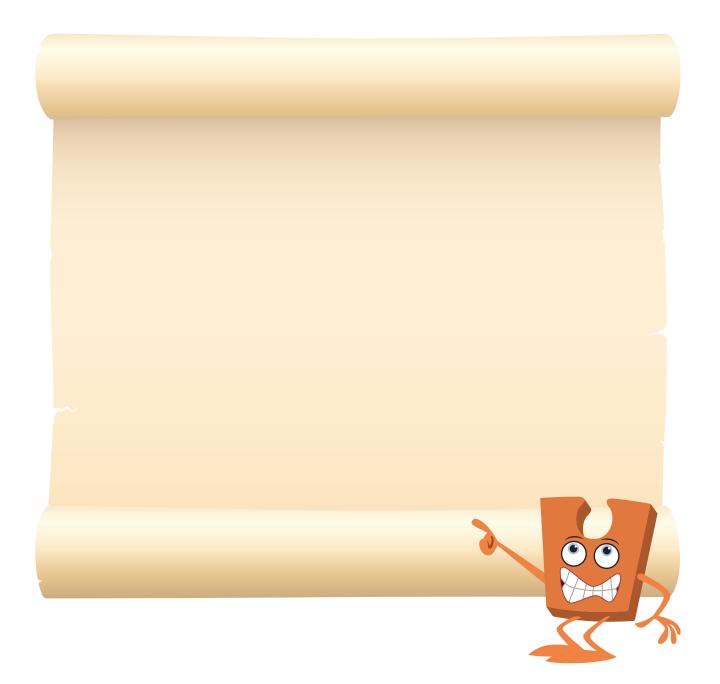
Care about other people's feelings





This week we are celebrating people in our school who:

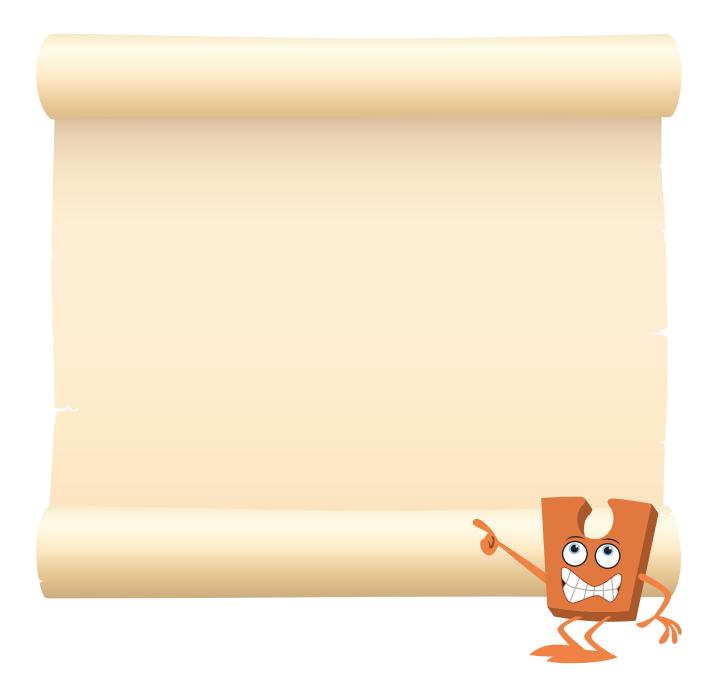
Work well with others





This week we are celebrating people in our school who:

Choose to follow the Learning Charter



Being Me in My World

Puzzle Overview - Year 1

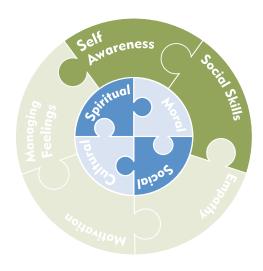
Puzzle 1	Puzzle Outcome	Resources
Being Me in My World	Help me fit together the six pieces of learning about Being Me in My World to create the Learning Charter	
Pieces		
1. Special and Safe	I know how to use my Jigsaw Journal I feel special and safe in my class	Jigsaw Charter, Jigsaw chime, 'Calm' pictures, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Jack, Jigsaw Jack's suitcase/bag, Jigsaw Jack's letter, 'Safe' pictures, Jigsaw Journals.
{	I understand the rights and responsibilities as	Jigsaw chime, 'Calm' pictures, 'Calm Me' script,
2. My Class	a member of my class I know that I belong to my class	Jigsaw Charter, Jigsaw Jack, 'I am special' song sheet, picture of a class learning well. Jigsaw Journals.
3. Rights and Responsibilities	I understand the rights and responsibilities of being a member of my class I know how to make my class a safe place for everybody to learn	Jigsaw chime, 'Calm' pictures, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Charter, Jigsaw Jack, Jigsaw Jack's suitcase with items, soft sponge football, sets of rights/responsibility picture cards, picture PowerPoint, Jigsaw song 'Choices' song sheet on PowerPoint, Jigsaw Journals.
4. Rewards and Feeling Proud	I know my views are valued and can contribute to the Learning Charter I can recognise how it feels to be proud of an achievement	Jigsaw chime, 'Calm' pictures, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Charter, colour cards, Jigsaw Jack's suitcase with certificate/medal, treasure chest, proud face pictures, I feel proud of you ticket - see resource sheet, Jigsaw Journals.
5. Consequences	I can recognise the choices I make and understand the consequences I can recognise the range of feelings when I face certain consequences	Jigsaw chime, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Charter, 'Choices' song sheet, scenario picture cards, flipchart with rights/responsibility pictures from Piece 3, Jigsaw Journals.
6. Owning our Learning Charter	I understand my rights and responsibilities within our Learning Charter I can understand my choices in following the Learning Charter	Jigsaw chime, 'Calm' pictures, 'Calm Me' script, Jigsaw Jack, Jigsaw Charter, postcards made into puzzles, Jigsaw Journals, certificates.





Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - Year 1 - Autumn 1

Piece	e 1 - Special and Safe
Puzzle 1 Outcome	Please teach me to…
Our Learning Charter	know how to use my Jigsaw Journal
(See example Learning Charter)	feel special and safe in my class
Resources	Vocabulary
Jigsaw Charter	Safe
Jigsaw Jack Jigsaw	Special
Jack's suitcase/bag	Calm
Jigsaw Jack's letter	
Jigsaw chime	
'Calm Me' script	
'Calm' pictures	
'Safe' pictures	
Jigsaw Journals	
Teaching and Learning	·



Ask me this...

The Jigsaw Charter

Share 'The Jigsaw Charter' with the children to reinforce how we work together (see The Jigsaw Approach for description).

Connect us

To introduce the children to using a talking object in the Jigsaw Circle, bring Jigsaw Jack to the circle. He will be a special friend to the children in circle time from now on (talking object). Explain that Jigsaw Jack has come to live with us for this year and has brought his suitcase of special things with him. (At this stage, don't discuss what the special things inside his suitcase might be, but just take out of the suitcase a letter in an envelope from Jigsaw Jack to the class.)

Then read Part 1 of the letter from Jigsaw Jack to the children (see letter resource).

Go to each child individually and talk through Jigsaw Jack.

"Hello, it's nice to see you, my name is Jigsaw Jack." Encourage each child to say their name and say hello back to Jigsaw Jack. "Hello Jigsaw Jack, my name is..."

Calm me

Everyone, including adults, is sitting on chairs in a circle.

Explain to the children that at the beginning of every Jigsaw lesson we will help our minds calm down so that we are ready to learn. Teacher to use the 'Calm Me' Script.

Open my mind

Share with the children the three 'safe' pictures: child on a slide, child having a cuddle, child sound asleep in bed, and ask them which children feel safe. Establish what 'safe' means.

Tell me or show me

Return to the letter and read Part 2. Invite the children to make suggestions as to how they can make Jigsaw Jack feel safe and special. Thank each child for his/her suggestion and ask the class if that would make *them* feel safe and special.

Which picture helps you to feel calm? Can you feel your tummy rise and go back in again?

Is your mind calm? Does it feel good to be calm and quiet? Does your mind feel ready to learn?

Let me learn	
Still in the circle, give each child his/her Jigsaw Journal and explain that this is their special book for Jigsaw lessons. Show them the Piece	Which child feels safe?
(lesson) 1 page and ask them to draw a picture of themselves feeling	Where do YOU feel safe?
safe and special. Ask for some suggestions from the children before they return to their tables and draw their pictures. Some children could	When do YOU feel safe?
write "I feel safe and special when" as well as drawing their pictures.	
Help me reflect	
When the children have finished their drawings, invite several children to share their pictures and their ideas about when they feel safe and special. Reinforce the idea that you will always try to make each of them feel safe and special in your class.	What makes YOU feel special?
Just before they return to the circle, ask the children which part of the Piece they have enjoyed the most today and help them write one word or draw one thing in the Reflection Puzzle Piece of their Jigsaw Journal.	
Bring children back to the circle, praise them and read Part 3 of Jigsaw Jack's letter. Pass Jigsaw Jack around the circle so that each child has the opportunity to make him feel safe and special in their own way. Children may want to shake his hand, give him a hug or welcome him to their class.	What have you enjoyed most about this Piece today?
Notes	

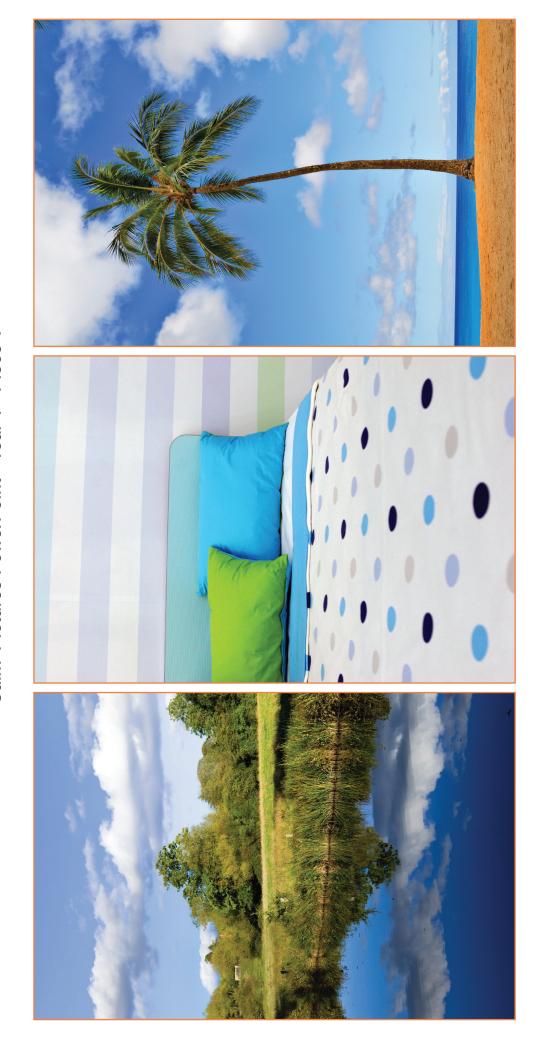
Please ensure you have read 'The Jigsaw Approach' notes (page 1) at the beginning of this Puzzle.

Calm Me Script - Year 1 - Piece 1

Everyone, including adults, sits in a circle. Explain to the children that at the beginning of every Jigsaw lesson we will help our minds calm down so that we are ready to learn. Share the three 'calm' pictures (stream, bed, desert island) with the children, and establish which picture makes them feel the most calm. Ensure all children understand what calm is and how it feels. They might like to suggest when and where they feel the most calm. Explain that to do the best learning we need calm, focussed minds, and to help us with this we will use our breathing. Tell the children that the Jigsaw chime is the start of our Calm Me exercise.

Invite the children to put both feet on the floor, to sit up straight, but relaxed, and to have hands on their tummies. They can then close their eyes or focus on the calmest picture. Gently sound the chime and ask the children to listen to it until the sound is all gone. Then ask them to follow your instructions as you take them through gentle breathing techniques: breathe in gently through your nose and let your breath sink all the way into your lungs, then gently let it out again. Breathe in gently and out gently. Can you feel your tummy rise as you breathe in and go back again as you breathe out? Repeat this a number of times, encouraging the children to feel more calm with each out breath. Gently sound the chime again and invite the children to listen until the sound is all gone, and then to open their eyes and use their calm mind to help them learn.

Teacher reinforces how good it feels to be calm and quiet.



Being Me in My World 'Calm' Pictures PowerPoint - Year 1 - Piece 1

We take turns to speak We use kind and positive words We listen to each other We have the right to pass We only use names when giving compliments or when being positive We respect each other's privacy (confidentiality)



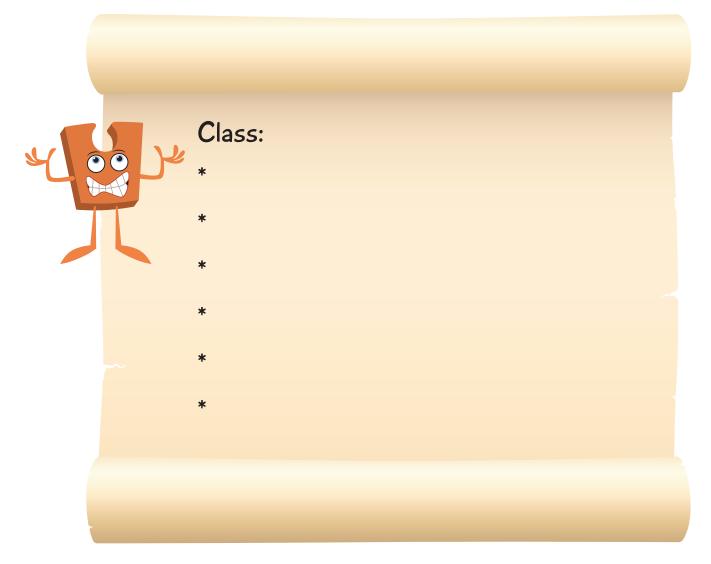
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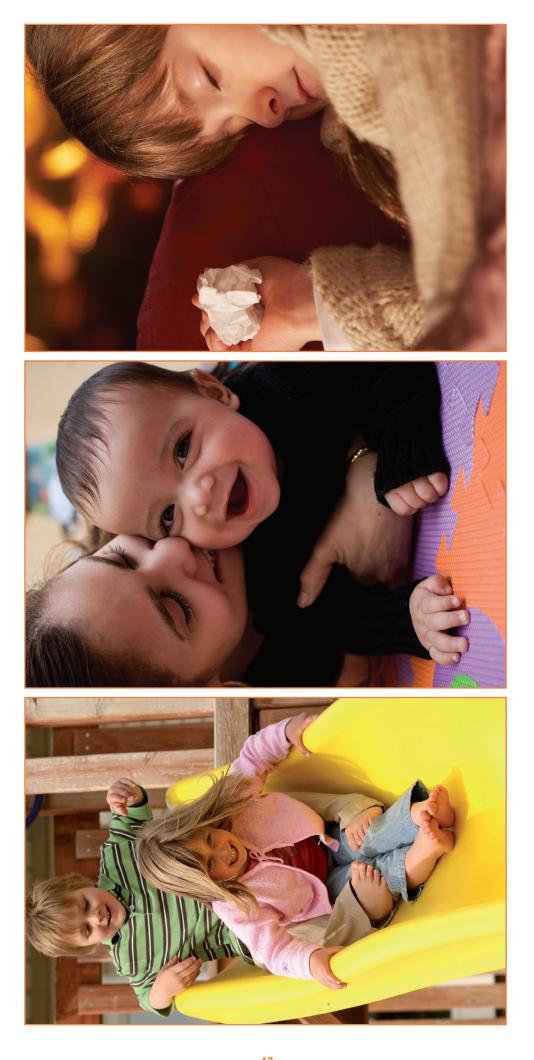


We will try our best to keep our Charter:

This is available on your Jigsaw CD as a PDF to print larger

42 © Jan Lever







Part 1

My name is Jigsaw Jack. I am really pleased to be staying with you all the time you are in Year One. Because I don't know you yet I feel really nervous and it would help me if you could tell me your names and make me feel welcome.

(Teacher goes around circle with Jigsaw Jack introducing and getting children to say hello and their name.)

Part 2

Thank you for telling me your names, I am starting to feel welcome here in class Because school is new to me I wonder if you can help me to feel safe and special.

(Teacher then asks the children how they might be able to make Jigsaw Jack feel safe and special.)

Part 3

Thank you for making me feel safe and special. I am really looking forward to being part of your class this year and to coming to all your circle time and Jigsaw lessons.

Love from Jigsaw Jack





Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - Year 1 - Autumn 1

Pi	iece 2 - My Class	
Puzzle 1 Outcome	Please teach me to…	11
Our Learning Charter	understand the rights and responsibilities as	Self
(See example Learning	a member of my class	
Charter)	know that I belong to my class	
Resources	Vocabulary	22 juint 7 to E
Jigsaw Jack	Belonging	
Jigsaw chime	Special	
'Calm Me' script	Rights	
'Calm' pictures	Responsibilities	
'I am special' song sheet		
Picture of a class learning well		40/10/10W
Jigsaw Journals		
Teaching and Learning	<u> </u>	Ask me this
together (see The Jigsaw Connect us Say to the children that se (Jigsaw Jack). Jigsaw Jac children realise that the n ask a child to invite him to Jack, would you like to jo our class." A child then ca holds him on his/her lap. are holding him, it is your hold Jigsaw Jack first. Pr	er' with the children to reinforce how we work Approach for description). omeone who is special in our class is missing ck is sitting in the teacher's chair. When the nissing member of their circle is Jigsaw Jack, o join the circle. Model the words, "Jigsaw in our circle? You are a special member of arefully brings Jigsaw Jack to the circle and Explain Jigsaw Jack's special job: when you turn to talk. If you would like to talk, ask to actise this by passing Jigsaw Jack around the holding him each child says "Hello everybody, belonging to class"	When do you ask to hold Jigsaw Jack?
Everyone, including adult	ts, is sitting on chairs in a circle.	Which picture helps you to feel calm?
	at at the beginning of every Jigsaw lesson we	Can you feel your tummy rise and go back in
use the 'Calm Me' Script.	down so that we are ready to learn. Teacher to	again?
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Is your mind calm?
		Does it feel good to be calm and quiet?
		Does your mind feel ready to learn?
Open my mind		
Teach the 'I am special' s	song (to the tune of Frère Jacques):	How do we know we belong?
l am special, l am speci	al,	How does it feel to belong?
l belong, l belong,		
-	nily, with my friends and family,	
and my class, and my c		
Sing it several times with	the children holding hands in the circle.	

Tell me or show me

Show the class the picture of children learning well together. In talking partners ask the children to think about how they can help each other learn. Can several pairs show the rest their ideas, e.g. role play or mime how they help each other? The teacher summarises the ideas and introduces the language of rights and responsibilities, e.g. we all have the right to belong to this class, we all have the right to ask questions, we all have the right to learn and we all have the responsibility to help each other to learn.

Let me learn

In their Jigsaw Journals, ask the children to draw a picture of themselves learning well with their friends. Children then share with their learning partners what they have drawn and explain how this helps them to learn. Some children share this with the whole class, the teacher summarises the rights and responsibilities for their classroom using the children's ideas.

(This will form the start of the Learning Charter.)

Help me reflect

In the Reflection Puzzle Piece of the Jigsaw Journals, ask the children to draw an emotion face, e.g. smiley, sad, which shows how they felt in the lesson today.

Notes

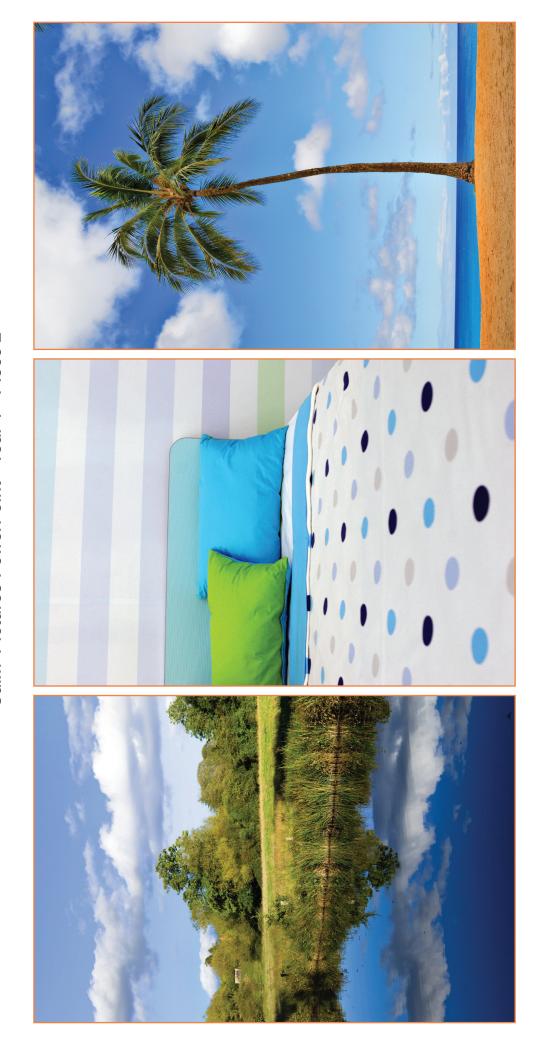
How do we learn best? How can we help others to learn? What rights do we have? What are our responsibilities?

Calm Me Script - Year 1 - Piece 2

Everyone, including adults, sits in a circle. Explain to the children that at the beginning of every Jigsaw lesson we will help our minds calm down so that we are ready to learn. Share the three 'calm' pictures (stream, bed, desert island) with the children, and establish which picture makes them feel the most calm. Ensure all children understand what calm is and how it feels. They might like to suggest when and where they feel the most calm. Explain that to do the best learning we need calm, focussed minds, and to help us with this we will use our breathing. Tell the children that the Jigsaw chime is the start of our Calm Me exercise.

Invite the children to put both feet on the floor, to sit up straight, but relaxed, and to have hands on their tummies. They can then close their eyes or focus on the calmest picture. Gently sound the chime and ask the children to listen to it until the sound is all gone. Then ask them to follow your instructions as you take them through gentle breathing techniques: breathe in gently through your nose and let your breath sink all the way into your lungs, then gently let it out again. Breathe in gently and out gently. Can you feel your tummy rise as you breathe in and go back again as you breathe out? Repeat this a number of times, encouraging the children to feel more calm with each out breath. Gently sound the chime again and invite the children to listen until the sound is all gone, and then to open their eyes and use their calm mind to help them learn.

Teacher reinforces how good it feels to be calm and quiet.



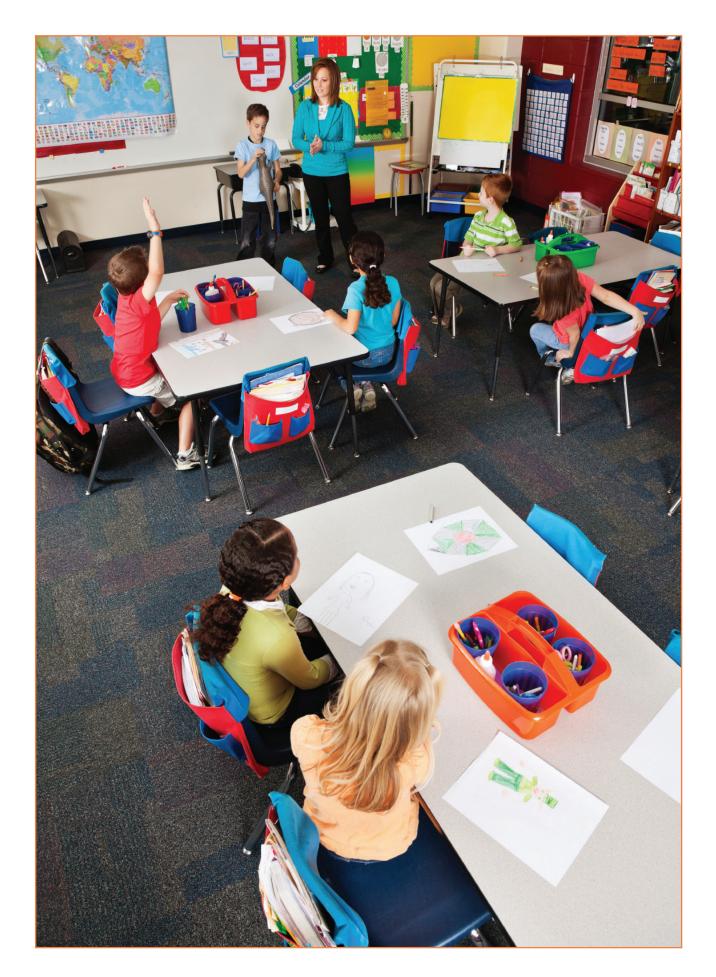
Being Me in My World 'Calm' Pictures PowerPoint - Year 1 - Piece 2



I am Special

I am special, I am special, I belong, I belong with my friends and family with my friends and family and my class, and my class.

Picture of a class learning well - Year 1 - Piece 2







Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - Year 1 - Autumn 1

Piece 3 -	Rights and Responsibilities	
Puzzle 1 Outcome	Please teach me to…	16
Our Learning Charter	understand the rights and responsibilities of	Self
(See example Learning	being a member of my class	
Charter)	know how to make my class a safe place for everybody to learn	itual 2
Resources	Vocabulary	
Jigsaw Jack	Rights	
Jigsaw Jack's suitcase	Responsibilities	
with items Soft sponge football	Learning Charter	To isos
Jigsaw chime		and the second s
'Calm Me' script		40. Kuth
'Calm' pictures		HOAHOW
Sets of rights/		
responsibility picture		
cards Elipobart		
Flipchart Jigsaw Song sheet:		
'Choices'		
Jigsaw Journals		
Teaching and Learning	·	Ask me this
	er' with the children to reinforce how we work Approach for description).	
Connect us		
the circle. The teacher re	Id to bring Jigsaw Jack and his suitcase to join eminds the children of how special and safe it s circle, and invites the children to hold hands pecial' song.	How do we help people feel special? How do you feel when your friend uses your name?
They take it in turns to ro "Hello" followed by the ball. That child then rolls saying "Hello" followed rolling the ball. Ask the cl their turn at rolling the ba	Ball'. The children all stand up in the circle. Il the ball to someone in the circle saying name of the child to whom they are rolling the the ball to another child in the circle again by the name of the child to whom they are hildren to sit back down when they have had II. The teacher then sums up how important el special by using their names and including	
Calm me		
Everyone, including adul	ts, is sitting on chairs in a circle.	Which picture helps you to feel calm?
will help our minds calm	at at the beginning of every Jigsaw lesson we down so that we are ready to learn. Teacher to	Can you feel your tummy rise and go back in again?
use the 'Calm Me' Script.		Is your mind calm?
		Does it feel good to be calm and quiet?
		Does your mind feel ready to learn?

Open my mind

Pass Jigsaw Jack around the circle and ask the children to complete the sentence stem when they are holding him: "I like learning when..."

The teacher asks Jigsaw Jack if she can show the children some of the things in his suitcase. When he agrees she secretively takes one item out and asks the children if it is OK for Jigsaw Jack to use this in their classroom. Will it help us all to learn? (Items could include: football, toothbrush, pencil case, reading book.) Explain to Jigsaw Jack that some things need to stay in his suitcase so that we can all have chance to learn. Is he OK with this?

Tell me or show me

Show the children one of the rights and responsibility pictures. Ask them to put their thumbs up if they would like their classroom to be like this and then establish why/why not. Start to establish the rights and responsibilities that make a classroom conducive/safe for learning.

Let me learn

In small groups, ask the children to sort the rest of the rights and responsibility pictures and to put them in two piles of what they would like their classroom to be like and what they wouldn't like, i.e. what would be a good learning environment and what would not be a good learning environment.

Ask the children to come back to the circle with the 'good' pile of cards.

Then invite one of the children to stick their card with Blu Tak onto the flip chart and summarises the behaviour to be encouraged.

'We are kind to each other'

'We listen'

'We respect each other'

'We work hard'

'We take care of our property'

It is important that the language used is 'inclusive' language, i.e. we are kind, we are... and that it is present tense, so that the expectation is set that it involves everyone, including the adults, and is happening now.

Make the point that we all have the right to be part of a class where these things are happening, and we all have the responsibility to ensure that we are doing them.

Explain to the class that these responsibilities will form part of our class charter which we are beginning to create on the flipchart and explain to the children that we can all choose how we behave and to take these responsibilities seriously or not. What shall we choose?

Then sing the Jigsaw Song 'Choices'.

In the children's Jigsaw Journals ask them to draw a picture of one of the responsibilities they are choosing to keep.

The children can choose one of the 'responsibilities' just agreed on the flipchart.

Help me reflect

In the Reflection Puzzle Piece of their Jigsaw Journals, complete the following sentence:

'I choose to...'. Children to choose a responsibility from the flipchart.

What do you need to bring to school to help you learn?

What do you need to leave at home? (E.g. dog, baby, sister, etc.)

How can we make our classroom a safe and happy place to learn?

What behaviour would we like to see? What behaviour would we not like to see?

What are our rights? What are our responsibilities? How can we help each other to learn?

Why are responsibilities so important?

Notes

Connect us: this aims to help children learn each other's names, choose someone in the group to pass the ball to and to wait patiently for their turn.

Let me learn: Ahead of time, the teacher will have considered which five responsibilities are most important for their group of children and will use the activities to generate the most appropriate class responsibilities. These will need to be in line with whole school thinking as each class will contribute to a whole school Learning Charter.

The flipchart with cards attached will be needed for Piece 5, so please save.

Looking ahead

For Piece (lesson) 4: 'Rewards and Feeling Proud'. There is an activity using 'I am proud of you' tickets which the teacher will need to fill in for each child prior to the start of that lesson.

Calm Me Script - Year 1 - Piece 3

Everyone, including adults, sits in a circle. Explain to the children that at the beginning of every Jigsaw Piece we will help our minds calm down so that we are ready to learn. Share the three 'calm' pictures (stream, bed, desert island) with the children, and establish which picture makes them feel the most calm. Ensure all children understand what calm is and how it feels. They might like to suggest when and where they feel the most calm. Explain that to do the best learning we need calm, focussed minds, and to help us with this we will use our breathing. Tell the children that the Jigsaw chime is the start of our Calm Me exercise.

Invite the children to put both feet on the floor to sit up straight, but relaxed, and to have hands on their tummies. They can then close their eyes or focus on the calmest picture. Gently sound the chime and ask the children to listen to it until the sound is all gone. Then ask them to follow your instructions as you take them through gentle breathing techniques: breathe in gently through your nose and let your breath sink all the way into your lungs, then gently let it out again. Breathe in gently and out gently. Can you feel your tummy rise as you breathe in and go back again as you breathe out? Repeat this a number of times, encouraging the children to feel more calm with each out breath. Gently sound the chime again and invite the children to listen until the sound is all gone, and then to open their eyes and use their calm mind to help them learn.

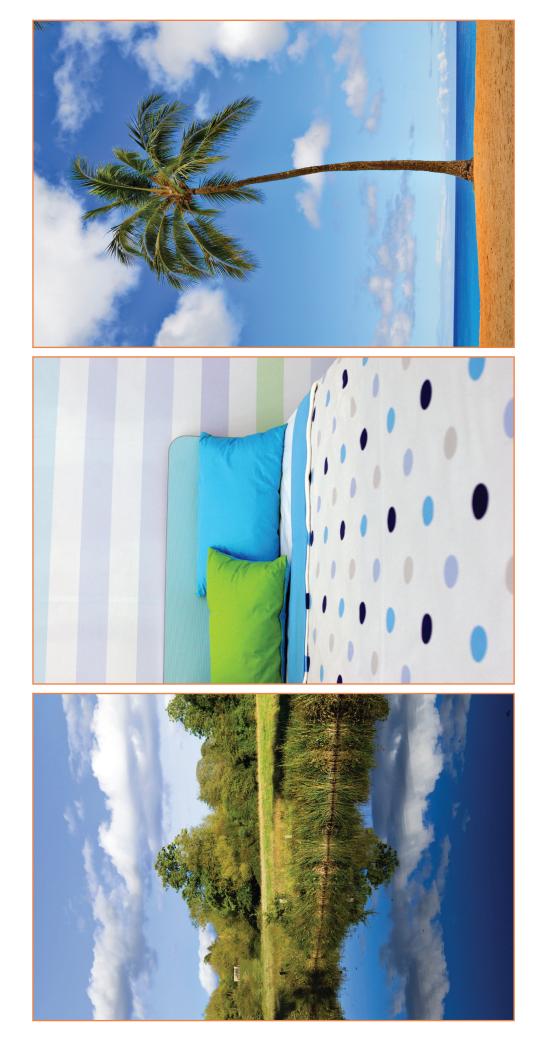
Teacher reinforces how good it feels to be calm and quiet.

Note to teacher

The chime is used to help children let go of whatever they are currently doing or thinking about and to bring their attention to the focussed point of the sound of the chime. This aims to help them gain awareness of being in control of where and how they focus their minds and attention, ultimately leading to more concentration and learning.

Therefore, you may like to help them develop this skill further by striking the chime at intervals through the day, maybe 2 or 3 times, and requesting that they stop and listen until they can no longer hear the sound. In time, they will learn to connect the deep breathing techniques with the sound for a double calming and focussing effect.

These techniques are very useful for children learning to manage their emotions too, but they do need to be practised in a neutral and even-keeled atmosphere for a while first before translating them into those scenarios and uses.



Being Me in My World 'Calm' Pictures PowerPoint - Year 1 - Piece 3





















Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - Year 1 - Autumn 1

Piece 4 -	Rewards and Feeling Proud	
Puzzle 1 Outcome	Please teach me to	
Our Learning Charter	know my views are valued and can	Self
(See example Learning	contribute to the Learning Charter	AW So.
Charter)	recognise how it feels to be proud of an achievement	Awareness Sciences Sc
Resources	Vocabulary	
Colour cards	Rights and Responsibilities	
Jigsaw chime	Learning Charter	
'Calm Me' script	Rewards	Inisos m
'Calm' pictures	Proud	
Picture of a class learning well		40,40
Jigsaw Jack's suitcase with certificate/medal		Wow
Proud face pictures		
Treasure Chest		
'I feel proud of you' tickets		
Whiteboards		
Jigsaw Journals		
Teaching and Learning		Ask me this
Connect us Use pairs of cards with m children to sit together fa	Approach for description). natching colours to randomly pair children. Ask cing each other, knees to knees and in turn name is And my favourite animal is"	
Explain to the children th	ts, is sitting on chairs in a circle. at at the beginning of every Jigsaw lesson we down so that we are ready to learn. Teacher to	Can you feel your tummy rise and go back in again? Is your mind calm? Does your mind feel ready to learn?
children to show a happy ask them to show a proud upset face. From Jigsaw	re of children learning well together. Ask the face, then ask them to show a sad face, then d face and then a disappointed face, or an Jack's bag/suitcase bring out a certificate ly proud of. Can the children guess what the ?	
one doesn't). Ask the chil and why. Can they think of achievement? Before the lesson the teat tickets for each member a proud face and corresp what they think you are fe am proud of every child in you are feeling proud of t treasure chest or special	ee pictures (two show proud children's faces, dren to identify which children are proud of any times when they have felt proud of an cher will have filled in the 'I am proud of you' of the class. The teacher shows the children bonding body language. Ask the children eeling (show a proud feeling) and then say "I in my class". Ask the children why they think hem and receive their ideas. Then take the box containing the 'I am proud of you' tickets each child their ticket, telling them not to show	Where in your body do you feel proud? Who can make a proud face?

Let me learn	
In their pairs, the children take turns to read their ticket to their partner (the teacher or teaching assistant may need to help with this) and say how they feel. Do they feel proud, pleased, happy? Can they think of other feeling words?	
Now, using whiteboards and working in pairs, make a list of three rewards they would like to receive when they have achieved something of which they are proud. (These need to be realistic and useable within a classroom environment.) This will generate ideas of rewards for the Learning Charter. Share ideas, teacher makes a list and the class votes on its favourites. End up with the top three favourite rewards.	
Children stick their 'I am proud of you' ticket into their Jigsaw Journal and describe how this made them feel.	
Help me reflect	
In the Reflection Puzzle Piece of their Jigsaw Journals, ask children to either write or draw to complete the sentence: 'I feel proud when'	How did others help me learn today?

Notes

Although young children need extrinsic rewards to show them they have done well/behaved well (making stickers and certificates useful and appropriate), it is also important to work towards children doing well and learning. This is because it brings them intrinsic reward, e.g. it feels good, they enjoy praise, they feel proud.

Pieces 5 and 6 of this Puzzle are designed to help each class take personal ownership of the whole school Learning Charter. Teachers have the flexibility to do this in ways appropriate to their own classes. The aim is for the Learning Charter to bring a consistent positive behaviour system to the whole school. However, year groups and classes can personalise it and make it meaningful and motivational to them by:

• Making a Learning Charter display for their own classroom, illustrated by the children.

· Possibly designing their own stickers, certificates, target charts, etc.

It is strongly advised that the Learning Charter is launched in a whole school assembly and implemented from then on.

It is also essential that parents/carers are fully informed about the Learning Charter and its aims, and are invited to reinforce this at home. It may be possible to invite parents/carers to the launch assembly and/or to publicise the Learning Charter through the school website by sending home information (e.g. a leaflet designed by the children).

Schools may want to acquire professionally designed and produced Learning Charter posters, reward stickers, praise pads, certificates, etc. to reinforce the importance of this work throughout the school. These could then be tailor-made for the school using school colours, logo, etc. For more information go to www.jigsawpshe.com.

Calm Me Script - Year 1 - Piece 4

Everyone, including adults, sits in a circle. Explain to the children that at the beginning of every Jigsaw Piece we will help our minds calm down so that we are ready to learn. Share the three 'calm' pictures (stream, bed, desert island) with the children, and establish which picture makes them feel the most calm. Ensure all children understand what calm is and how it feels. They might like to suggest when and where they feel the most calm. Explain that to do the best learning we need calm, focussed minds, and to help us with this we will use our breathing. Tell the children that the Jigsaw chime is the start of our Calm Me exercise.

Invite the children to put both feet on the floor to sit up straight, but relaxed, and to have hands on their tummies. They can then close their eyes or focus on the calmest picture. Gently sound the chime and ask the children to listen to it until the sound is all gone. Then ask them to follow your instructions as you take them through gentle breathing techniques: breathe in gently through your nose and let your breath sink all the way into your lungs, then gently let it out again. Breathe in gently and out gently. Can you feel your tummy rise as you breathe in and go back again as you breathe out? Repeat this a number of times, encouraging the children to feel more calm with each out breath. Gently sound the chime again and invite the children to listen until the sound is all gone, and then to open their eyes and use their calm mind to help them learn.

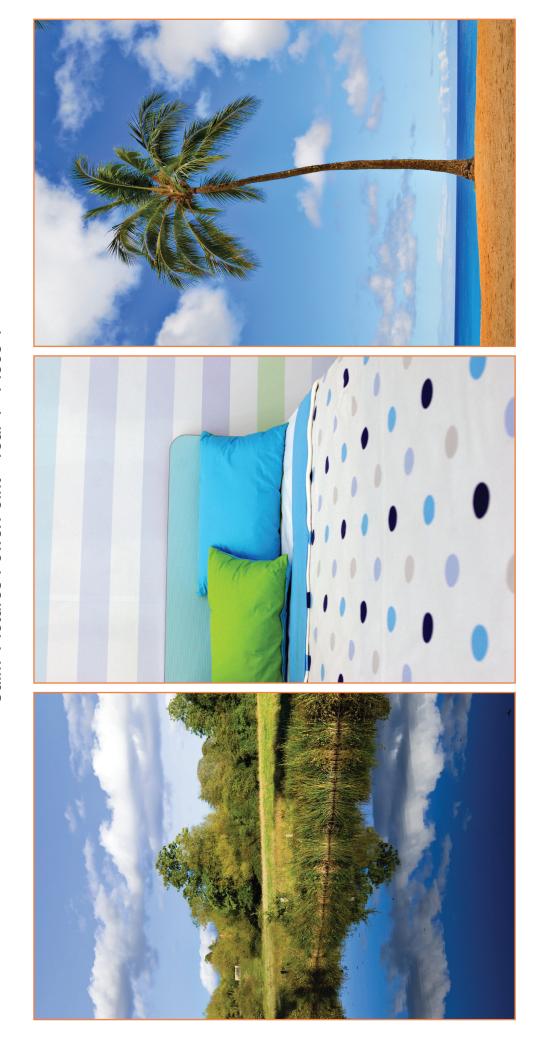
Teacher reinforces how good it feels to be calm and quiet.

Note to teacher

The chime is used to help children let go of whatever they are currently doing or thinking about and to bring their attention to the focussed point of the sound of the chime. This aims to help them gain awareness of being in control of where and how they focus their minds and attention, ultimately leading to more concentration and learning.

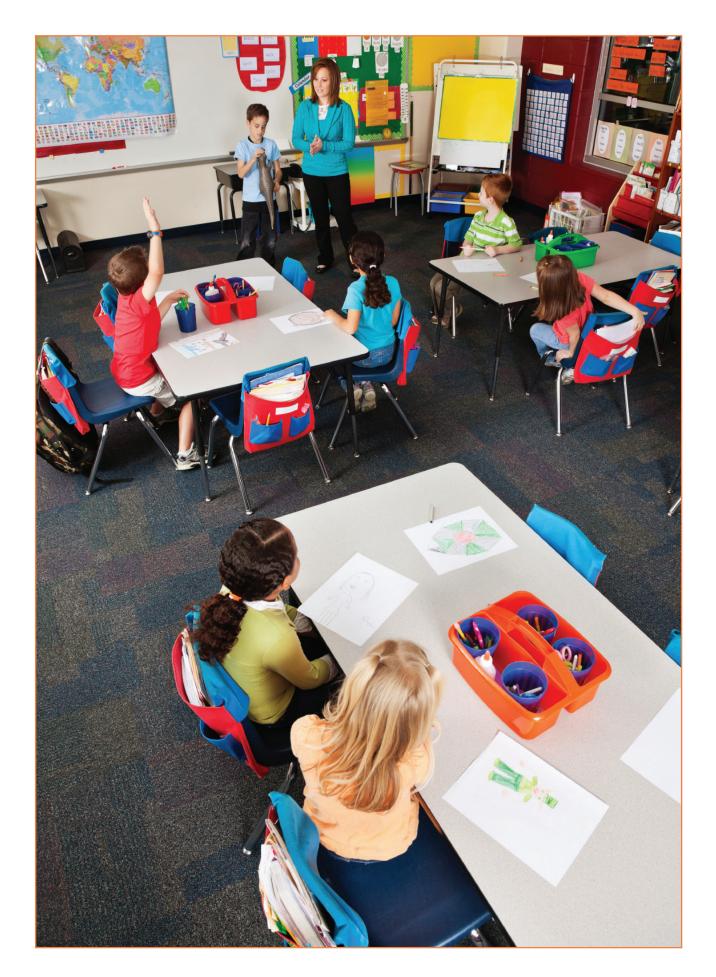
Therefore, you may like to help them develop this skill further by striking the chime at intervals through the day, maybe 2 or 3 times, and requesting that they stop and listen until they can no longer hear the sound. In time, they will learn to connect the deep breathing techniques with the sound for a double calming and focussing effect.

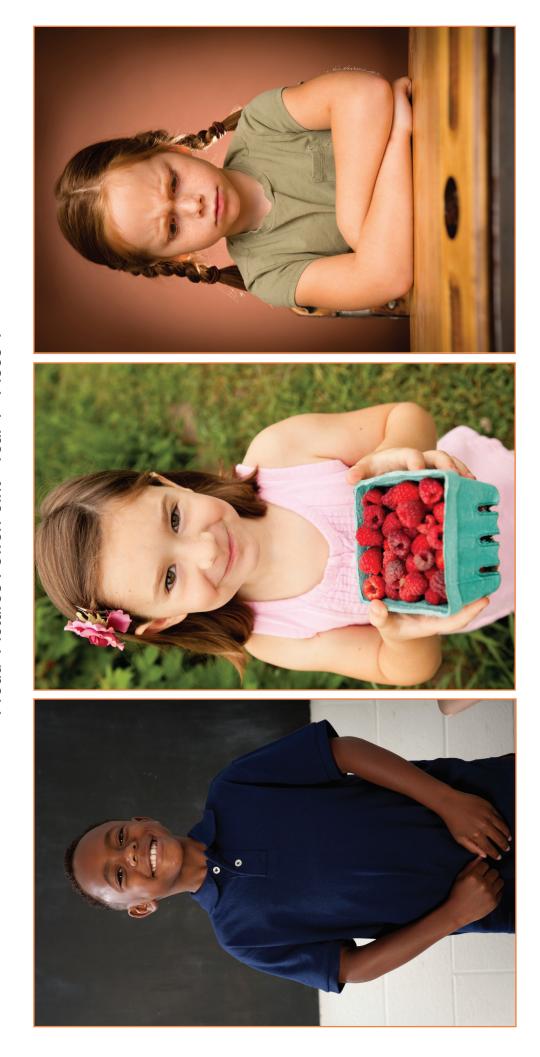
These techniques are very useful for children learning to manage their emotions too, but they do need to be practised in a neutral and even-keeled atmosphere for a while first before translating them into those scenarios and uses.



Being Me in My World 'Calm' Pictures PowerPoint - Year 1 - Piece 4

Picture of a class learning well - Year 1 - Piece 4





Being Me in My World 'Proud' Pictures PowerPoint - Year 1 - Piece 4

'I feel proud of you' Tickets - Year 1 - Piece 4

Michael I am proud of you for winning the football trophy	
last weekend	
Signed Mrs. Smith Date 21/5/13	

I am proud of you for
Stand
Signed







Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - Year 1 - Autumn 1

Piec	e 5 - Consequences	
Puzzle 1 Outcome	Please teach me to…	15
Our Learning Charter (See example Learning Charter)	recognise the choices I make and understand the consequences recognise the range of feelings when I face	Sell Sell Socie
Charter	certain consequences	itual S
Resources	Vocabulary	
Jigsaw Song sheet:	Rights and Responsibilities	
'Choices'	Learning Charter	
Jigsaw chime	Consequences	Ello 2005
'Calm Me' script	Upset	
Jigsaw Charter	Disappointed	
Scenario picture cards		40,40A
Flipchart with rights/ responsibility pictures from Piece 3		Wołłow Weikakien
Whiteboards		
Jigsaw Journals		
Teaching and Learning		Ask me this…
	er' with the children to reinforce how we work v Approach for description).	
Connect us		
	aw Song: 'Choices'. The teacher reminds	Do you understand what a consequence is?
consequence.	ve choices and that every choice has a	Do you understand that all actions have a consequence?
	o randomly pair up children. They sit facing es making eye contact and say "Good ork with you today".	Do you understand that all choices have a consequence?
Calm me		
Everyone, including adul	ts, is sitting on chairs in a circle.	Which picture helps you feel the most calm?
will help our minds calm	at at the beginning of every Jigsaw lesson we down so that we are ready to learn. Teacher to	Can you feel your tummy rise and go back in again?
use the 'Calm Me' Script		Is your mind calm?
		Does it feel good to be calm and quiet?
		Does your mind feel ready to learn?

Open my mind

Ask the children to follow the actions you do e.g. you clap, the child on your right claps, the child on his right then claps so that the clap is passed all around the circle and back to you. You say "Excellent, the consequence of me clapping was that the clap went all around the circle." (You are introducing children to the concept of consequences.)

Then tap two fingers on your palm and pass that around the circle making the point that because you did this, certain actions followed.

Next play the Rainforest game: in the format of a Mexican wave, start off by tapping two fingers on the palm of your hand, the child next to you copies, then the one next to them copies.

Explain to the children they have to wait for the movement to get to them before they begin. When it gets back to the start, the teacher then claps hands and this movement follows around the circle. The children continue to tap two fingers until the clap movement reaches them.

Then the next movement is to slap knees, then stamp feet, so that the sound builds to a crescendo like a rainstorm building up from pitterpatter to full-on rainfall. Then gradually it subsides with the movement then going backwards from stamping feet, to clapping hands on knees, clapping and by tapping two fingers until the last round, when the teacher puts both hands on her knees until all children in the circle have done the same, and there is silence.

Remind the children that as a consequence of the actions you did followed by the actions they did, the sounds were passed around the circle.

Tell me or show me

In pairs, children look at the scenario picture card and talk about what might be happening. Ask them who is in the picture, what are they doing, how are they feeling and what might have happened just before this. (You are helping children to see that this picture could be the consequence of something that happened before.)

Invite several pairs to share their picture and discussion with the rest of the class and emphasise the learning: every action has a consequence. Reinforce this by giving children a few examples of action to consequence that might happen in the classroom.

Let me learn

Ask for one volunteer to collect the picture cards and another volunteer to give out whiteboards and pens. Using the Rights and Responsibilities flip chart from Piece 3, invite children to think about the consequences of not fulfilling those responsibilities. Share ideas and conclude that we will all be able to learn better if we all live up to those responsibilities. Ask the children a big question: Should we have certain consequences for people who choose not to be kind or don't listen or make it difficult for other people to learn? (We are asking children to discuss the consequences for irresponsible behaviour without using terms like punishment or sanction.)

If the children agree that sometimes people make the wrong choices and should therefore meet the consequence, ask them to make a list on their whiteboards of three realistic consequences that we could have in our class, e.g. time out, lose five minutes of playtime.

Children volunteer to share their ideas. Scribe these on flipchart and ensure that these are realistic and reasonable and that the children understand they would be proportionate to behaviours. (These ideas will be taken, along with the rights, responsibilities and rewards to the school council to finalise the whole school Learning Charter.)

Help me reflect

Ask the children to complete the following stem sentence in the Reflection Puzzle Piece of their Jigsaw Journals: 'The thing I will remember most about this Piece is...'

Can you imagine what happened before the picture was taken?

How would you feel if you were one of the children in the picture?

Do you understand what responsibilities are?

Do you understand that some choices bring consequences that we like and other choices bring consequences that we might not like?

Notes

You will need the Flipchart with rights/responsibility pictures from Piece 3.

By Piece 5, all year groups will have considered rights, responsibilities, rewards and consequences. Each class will take its ideas to the School Council who will collate and consolidate the ideas and, with adult help, bring the ideas together to form a whole school Learning Charter. This Learning Charter will be brought back to each class to be worked with in Piece 6, ready to be launched at a showcase assembly with parents/carers invited. Classes can then personalise the school Learning Charter with photos or pictures to gain ownership for themselves and display this in their own classrooms.

Pieces 5 and 6 of this Puzzle are designed to help each class take personal ownership of the whole school Learning Charter. Teachers have the flexibility to do this in ways appropriate to their own classes. The aim is for the Learning Charter to bring a consistent positive behaviour system to the whole school. However, year groups and classes can personalise it and make it meaningful and motivational to them by:

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It is also essential that parents/carers are fully informed about the Learning Charter and its aims, and are invited to reinforce this at home. It may be possible to invite parents/carers to the launch assembly and/or to publicise the Learning Charter through the school website by sending home information (e.g. a leaflet designed by the children).

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Calm Me Script - Year 1 - Piece 5

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Teacher reinforces how good it feels to be calm and quiet.

Note to teacher

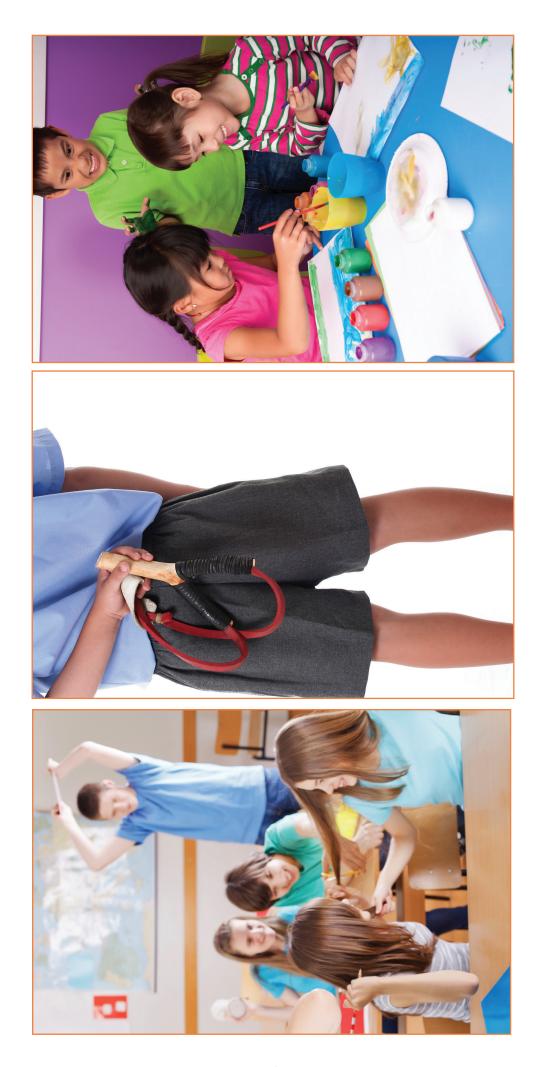
The chime is used to help children let go of whatever they are currently doing or thinking about and to bring their attention to the focussed point of the sound of the chime. This aims to help them gain awareness of being in control of where and how they focus their minds and attention, ultimately leading to more concentration and learning.

Therefore, you may like to help them develop this skill further by striking the chime at intervals through the day, maybe 2 or 3 times, and requesting that they stop and listen until they can no longer hear the sound. In time, they will learn to connect the deep breathing techniques with the sound for a double calming and focussing effect.

These techniques are very useful for children learning to manage their emotions too, but they do need to be practised in a neutral and even-keeled atmosphere for a while first before translating them into those scenarios and uses.



Being Me in My World Scenario Picture Cards PowerPoint - Year 1 - Piece 5



Being Me in My World Scenario Picture Cards PowerPoint - Year 1 - Piece 5





Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - Year 1 - Autumn 1

Piece 6 - C	wning our Learning Charter	
Puzzle 1 Outcome	Please teach me to…	14
Our Learning Charter	understand my rights and responsibilities	Self
(See example Learning	within our Learning Charter	Soc.
Charter)	understand my choices in following the Learning Charter	Aware Sana Sana Sana Sana Sana Sana Sana San
Resources	Vocabulary	3 & Control 3
Jigsaw chime	Rights Responsibilities	
'Calm' pictures	Learning Charter	
'Calm Me' script	Illustration	31/2 105
Postcards made into	Rewards	
puzzles	Consequences	A MARCE
Jigsaw Jack		Wołłow Colination
Jigsaw Journal		340W
Teaching and Learning		Ask me this…
The Jigsaw Charter		
	er' with the children to reinforce how we work Approach for description).	
Connect us		
Play the Rainforest game	e as in Piece 5, this time focussing on	How might you work together?
enjoying the shared expe	erience as opposed to explicitly focussing on	
consequences.		
Calm me		
	to is sitting on shairs in a sirely	Can you feel your tummy rise and go back in
	ts, is sitting on chairs in a circle. at at the beginning of every Jigsaw lesson we	again?
will help our minds calm	down so that we are ready to learn. Teacher to	Is your mind calm?
use the 'Calm Me' Script		Does it feel good to be calm and quiet?
		Does your mind feel ready to learn?
Open my mind		
This Piece necessitates	children working in groups to illustrate the are five positive behaviours in the Learning	
Charter, e.g. we are kind	, we show respect, we work hard you will	
need five groups of child	ren, one group to illustrate each behaviour.	
	s' activity to bring together the appropriate estasks, e.g. use postcards cut into five	
pieces. Distribute the pie	ces carefully, engineering the groups on this	
	mixed ability grouping is your preference).	
	members by piecing the postcard jigsaws making eye contact knee to knee.	
	emselves to one another and say what they	
are looking forward to ab	out being in this group.	
Toll and the late		
Tell me or show me		
	oup a positive behaviour from your Learning os don't know what each of the other groups is	
working on. Give them til	me to work out a freeze-frame to illustrate that	
behaviour. Each group sl guesses which behaviou	hares their freeze-frame with the class who r they are illustrating.	
gaccoco milori beriaviou	i aloy alo muotuang.	

Let me learn	
Each group is either allocated or chooses a method of illustrating the positive behaviour they have been given, e.g. drawing, painting, taking photographs of role-played scenes, using IT, collage. This work is shared with the class, and everyone decides democratically which illustrations to use on the Learning Charter display. (Those not used this time could be used at a later date to ensure all children's work is valued.)	
While children are sharing their work, a photo is taken of each group with Jigsaw Jack. Each child has their group photo to stick into their Jigsaw Journal.	
Help me reflect	
In the Reflection Puzzle Piece of their Jigsaw Journal, children write one or two words to describe how they feel about the Learning Charter.	How do you feel about the Learning Charter?

Notes

Tell me or show me: freeze-frames. The freeze-frame technique means simply that children arrange themselves in a scene which shows a certain behaviour going on. They do not act it out but freeze the action as if in a still photograph (tableau).

Pieces 5 and 6 of this Puzzle are designed to help each class take personal ownership of the whole school Learning Charter. Teachers have the flexibility to do this in ways appropriate to their own classes. The aim is for the Learning Charter to bring a consistent positive behaviour system to the whole school. However, year groups and classes can personalise it and make it meaningful and motivational to them by:

• Making a Learning Charter display for their own classroom, illustrated by the children.

• Possibly designing their own stickers, certificates, target charts, etc.

It is strongly advised that the Learning Charter is launched in a whole school assembly and implemented from then on.

It is also essential that parents/carers are fully informed about the Learning Charter and its aims, and are invited to reinforce this at home. It may be possible to invite parents/carers to the launch assembly and/or to publicise the Learning Charter through the school website by sending home information (e.g. a leaflet designed by the children).

Schools may want to acquire professionally designed and produced Learning Charter posters, reward stickers, praise pads, certificates, etc. to reinforce the importance of this work throughout the school. These could then be tailor-made for the school using school colours, logo, etc. For more information go to www.jigsawpshe.com.

Certificates

Each Puzzle has its own certificate for the teacher to complete for each child. This is an opportunity for the teacher to give the child feedback on his/her learning and progress. The certificates can be presented to the children and then stuck into their Jigsaw Journals. They could then reflect on their own learning, their progress, and how it felt to receive the certificate.

Assessment

Subsequent Puzzles will afford opportunities for assessment.

Calm Me Script - Year 1 - Piece 6

Everyone, including adults, sits in a circle. Explain to the children that at the beginning of every Jigsaw Piece we will help our minds calm down so that we are ready to learn. Share the three 'calm' pictures (stream, bed, desert island) with the children, and establish which picture makes them feel the most calm. Ensure all children understand what calm is and how it feels. They might like to suggest when and where they feel the most calm. Explain that to do the best learning we need calm, focussed minds, and to help us with this we will use our breathing. Tell the children that the Jigsaw chime is the start of our Calm Me exercise.

Invite the children to put both feet on the floor to sit up straight, but relaxed, and to have hands on their tummies. They can then close their eyes or focus on the calmest picture. Gently sound the chime and ask the children to listen to it until the sound is all gone. Then ask them to follow your instructions as you take them through gentle breathing techniques: breathe in gently through your nose and let your breath sink all the way into your lungs, then gently let it out again. Breathe in gently and out gently. Can you feel your tummy rise as you breathe in and go back again as you breathe out? Repeat this a number of times, encouraging the children to feel more calm with each out breath. Gently sound the chime again and invite the children to listen until the sound is all gone, and then to open their eyes and use their calm mind to help them learn.

Teacher reinforces how good it feels to be calm and quiet.

Note to teacher

The chime is used to help children let go of whatever they are currently doing or thinking about and to bring their attention to the focussed point of the sound of the chime. This aims to help them gain awareness of being in control of where and how they focus their minds and attention, ultimately leading to more concentration and learning.

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Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - SEN overview P1i to P3ii

Level Descriptors	Key Concepts & Key Questions	Learning Intentions	Experiences/Activities Suggested Resources
		Remember to link any of the Learning Intenti to any therapeutic programmes that m e.g. Physiotherapy I	Remember to link any of the Learning Intentions, Experiences/Activities and Suggested Resources to any therapeutic programmes that may already be in place for a child/young person, e.g. Physiotherapy Programme or 'Sensory Diet'
P1i - Pupils encounter activities and experiences. They may be passive or resistant. They may show simple reflex responses. Any participation is fully prompted.	 The world is around me. Things happen in the world. What patterns can be established about my encounters with a 	To encounter a variety of experiences in the world via a number of contexts and situations, exploring a number of senses. Allow pupils to experience all classroom and community activities - give them chance to revisit	A variety of music, sounds, smells, lights, textures and tactile objects, linked to the needs of the child/young person. A selection of interactive and fun engagement/stimulation activities: to develop a Personalised Sensory Box (PSB) of objects.
Encountering the World		certain experiences. Focus on augmentative communication aspects of learning to give them the greatest possible chance to understand their environment and help them make sense of their experiences.	Relaxation and/or sensory activities related to personal well- being and keeping calm: Hand Massage. Aromatherapy and smells exploration.
		To explore specific activities through any particular access devices or a personal sensory method of communication.	Music instrument exploration. Intensive Interaction - to begin building on interaction skills.
P1ii - Pupils show emerging awareness of activities and experiences. They have periods when they appear alert and ready to focus their attention on certain people, events, objects or parts of objects. They may give intermittent reactions. Developing Awareness of the World	 I am beginning to be aware of the world around me. I am aware of events in the world. What activities and experiences allow me the greatest chance to show you I am aware of the world? 	To demonstrate I am aware of the world for periods of time. To show I am able to react to events in the world. Pupils begin to show awareness of objects in the community which have distinct tactile properties. Pupil may touch/grasp an object when placed against their hand. Pupils show awareness of their turn when taking part in a game or activity with an adult. Use objects of reference to help pupils understand activities throughout the school day, focusing upon consistent routines.	Using a variety of approaches and activities to enable a child/ young person to be aware of their body, linked to the needs of the individual. Developing a PSB to engage with a child/young person, linked to topic and other area of need: e.g. nail brushes, massage oils, fans, flashing/spinning objects, vibrating objects, etc. Engage pupils with a variety of tactile, fluorescent, shiny or sparkly objects, with soft and smooth textures. Encourage pupils to respond to the beginning or end of an object encounter - either 'more' or 'no'. Engage pupils in activities that start and stop, including light / sound/smells. (Look for readiness or continuation 'stilling' from a pupil.)

Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - SEN overview P1i to P3ii

Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - SEN overview P1i to P3ii

Provide tools and opportunity to facilitate communication and interaction in the world: e.g. engaging in familiar body rhymes, songs and routines. Provide opportunities for meaningful social interaction with peers and adults. A collection and selection of preferred and non-preferred objects, smells, pictures, etc. from school and the home: motivational, familiar and engaging. Make purposeful choices in their daily school life and in the local community: preferred stories, activities, food, drink, smells, etc. Interact when these objects are in their general and social sphere. Engaging pupils with moving objects, materials and textures in a variety of contexts e.g. sensory room/park.	 Provide opportunities for a young person to communicate with and impact upon the world in their preferred method and mode, e.g. eye-pointing. Reinforce engagement in the world with individual and motivating objects, people and activities to sustain and develop concentration and enjoyment. A developed PSB and Object Box to allow for purposeful choosing, preference communication and engagement with the world, linked to the topic. Give opportunities to complete or finish well known songs or routines. Jigsaw Song: 'Choices'. Engage in a variety of whole-class and small group games (snakes and ladders, etc.) and encourage turn-taking and reactions based on activities. Look back at photos or videos of recent trips/visits in the community or of known family/friends to generate a positive response from a pupil. The majority of the Experiences/Activities and Resources outlined above are appropriate from P1 to P3, with differentiation by method of input and outcome.
To begin to communicate with others in the world. To get the attention of a person/of people in my immediate environment. To demonstrate I can request an interaction, experience or event. To demonstrate that I am aware of my interactions with the world. Pupils are beginning to use eye-pointing/ vocalisations/gestures to communicate with others and explore their 'social surroundings'. There is in interest in the manipulation and movement of objects, materials and people, whilst some pupils begin to track items of interest across a classroom or within a community setting. Some pupils are beginning to use vocalisations or gesture to indicate turn-taking when within a group setting.	To demonstrate that I am able to initiate communication with others. To respond to options and choices with actions or gestures (where physically able to). To explore events and objects for increasing periods of time. To demonstrate to others that I am able to anticipate certain events, activities and experiences. Pupils are beginning to anticipate familiar and established sequences using object/pictures to outline events. Pupils use eye pointing, gesture, reaching towards, etc. to indicate items in response to specific questions, e.g. Where is the? Find the? When working in a group, pupils are beginning to respond to each other in increasingly complex ways, for greater periods, with greater interest and initiating some interactions.
 I am beginning to communicate with others in the world. I seek attention from others. I am able to learn and demonstrate consistent responses. I am aware that I can affect the world around me. What motivates me to communicate and interact in the world outside me? 	 I seek communication with others in the world. I am able to communicate in a way others can understand. I am happy to explore the world with other people, for extended time periods of time. How do I best communicate with the world? How do I best respond do you encourage my sense of anticipation with experiences? How do I involve others in my world?
P3i - Pupils begin to communicate intentionally. They seek attention through eye contact, gesture or action. They request events or activities. They participate in shared activities with less support. They sustain concentration for short periods. They explore materials in increasingly complex ways. They observe the results of their own actions with interest. They remember learned responses over more extended periods. Becoming Involved in the World	P3ii - Pupils use emerging conventional communication. They greet known people and may initiate interactions and activities. They can remember learned responses over increasing periods of time and may anticipate known events. They may respond to options and choices with actions or gestures. They actively explore objects and events for more extended periods. They apply potential solutions systematically to problems. Beginning to Understand the World



	Key Concepts & Key Questions	Learning Intentions	Experiences/Activities Suggested Resources
		Remember to link any of the Learning Intention to any therapeutic programmes that m e.g. Physiotherapy I	Remember to link any of the Learning Intentions, Experiences/Activities and Suggested Resources to any therapeutic programmes that may already be in place for a child/young person, e.g. Physiotherapy Programme or 'Sensory Diet'
 P4 - Pupils express their feelings, needs, likes and dislikes using single elements of communication. They engage in parallel activity with several others. Pupils follow familiar rasks or activities with support from others. They show an understanding of yes and no and recognise and respond to the feelings of others matching their emotions and becoming upset. P5 - Pupils take part in work or play involving two or three others. He take turns in a small group with some support. Py responding appropriately to simple questions about familiar in a small group with some support. Pupils combine two elements of communication to express their feelings, needs and coices. They join in discussions by responding appropriately to simple questions about familiar 	Rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences Our Learning Charter How can I contribute to my learning community? Can I make positive choices?	Allow pupils to engage in all classroom and community activities - giving them chance to follow familiar routines. Pupils begin to use augmented communication (sounds, pictures, smells, symbols, gestures, PECS, signs, communication books, etc.) to give them understanding of their environment and to make sense of their experiences. Pupils begin to develop a vocabulary (pictures, signs, gestures, etc.) to help them to express their feelings and to recognise emotions in others. To engage in activities that develop knowledge of differences and similarities between self and others. Pupils begin to predict familiar routine activities during the day and use them to support their feelings of security and to help them avoid anxieties. Pupils begin to respond positively and cooperatively when working or playing with peers. Pupils begin to respond positively and cooperatively more contributions to discussions about their environment using a preferred form of communication. Pupils identify likes and dislikes relating to activities, relationships, and personal need (e.g. food, loothing). They begin to relate emotions to likes and dislikes and dislikes and dislikes relating to activities.	Jigsaw Piece plans and picture cards/photos. Jigsaw Songs - particularly 'Choices' for this Puzzle. Puppets - Jigsaw Friends/Puppet Co. puppets. Relaxation and/or sensory activities related to personal well- being and keeping calm. Daily schedules - personal and class - PECS, visual. Follow class rules. Imitation activities, e.g. mirror sad faces, happy faces. Using music, mood lighting and movement to interpret feelings. Emotion face cards. Photos/display of children in their own class. Photos/display of people in the school community. Discuss and agree classroom rules as part of a group. 'Talking objects' - only allowed to talk when you are holding the 'talking objects' - only allowed to talk when you are holding the 'talking object. Listening and observation games related to feelings and emotions.



Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - SEN overview P4 to P8

thTurn-taking activities.theClassroom monitors.upport.Create realistic scenarios - drama situations related to feelingsupport.and emotions.ePuppet theatres.theProblem-solving ICT programmes - choice of two actionsair andUsing the community as a resource - Streetwise.k forItem	Sharing equipment.dNegotiating for use of equipment or toys.Offering food or drink to a visitor.actionsRole-play to model calming-down strategies.heirPeer mentoring - reflection on the day discussions.gies toStoriesboutthem
Pupils take on classroom responsibilities, with some adult support, in order to contribute to the class community. Class rules are followed with minimal adult support. Pupils can begin to indicate a safe or not safe activity or action and show an awareness of the consequences of actions. Pupils are given the opportunity to identify 'fair and unfair' in real situations.	Pupils are given opportunities to develop negotiation skills in order to create a safe and happy community and to solve problems by cooperating with others. Pupils are encouraged to realise when their actions have a detrimental effect on others or when their actions are celebrated by others. Pupils are encouraged to welcome visitors appropriately into the classroom and to make them feel at home.
P6 - Pupils respond to others in group situations, playing or working in a small group cooperatively. They carry out coutine activities in a familiar context and show an awareness of the results of their own actions. They may show concern for others and sympathy for others in distress and offer comfort.	P7 - Pupils communicate feelings and ideas in simple phrases. They move with support to new activities which are either directed or self chosen. They make purposeful relationships with others in group activities and attempt to negotiate with them in a variety of situations. They judge right and wrong on the basis of the consequences of their actions. They show some consideration of the needs and feelings of other people and other living things.



Puzzle 1: Being Me in My World - SEN overview P4 to P8

 powerPoint or simple presentation, my class books. villing to d. Pupils ICT-based packages for problem-solving and safety issues. Ind wrong Out and about in the community. Role-play, drama to create opportunities to rehearse how to make others feel better, calming strategies. Role-play, drama to create opportunities to rehearse how to make others feel better, calming strategies. Pupil participation in designing awards. Scores on the Doors' - how well did I do? tures to pils can 	The majority of the Experiences/Activities and Suggested Resources outlined above are appropriate from P4 to P8, with differentiation by method of input and outcome.	
 Feeling good about myself Pupils recognise something they are good at. Pupils are willing to try something new. Being assertive/proud. Pupils are given opportunities to identify right and wrong actions in given situations. Worried/anxious feelings Pupils respect others' feelings and initiate some supportive action when others are upset or anxious. Relaxation Pupils take some responsibility for using personalised relaxation techniques. Healthy living Pupils can sequence pictures to illustrate changes from young to old. Pupils can give a reason for a healthy choice. 		
Key concepts and questions outlined above are appropriate from P4-8, with differentiation by method of input and outcome		
P8 - Pupils join in a range of activities in one-to-one situations and in small or large groups. They choose, initiate and follow through new tasks and self-selected activities. They understand the need for rules in games and show awareness of how to join in with different situations. They understand agreed codes of behaviour which help groups of people work together and they support each other in behaving appropriately. They show a basic	They can seek help when constructions. They can seek help when needed. They are often sensitive to the needs and feelings of others and show respect for themselves and others. They treat living things and their environment with care and concern.	

	Being Me in My World Well done! Please feel proud that you have learnt to:	
	I am especially pleased that you:	
	I am proud that I can:	
Signed:	Date:	

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	I am especially pleased that you:	
	I am proud that I can:	
Signed:	Date:	